# FOURTEENTH KERALA LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC ACCOUNTS (2016-2019)

# THIRTY THIRD REPORT (Presented on 5<sup>th</sup> December, 2018)



SECRETARIAT OF THE KERALA LEGISLATURE THIRUVANANTHAPURAM

2018

## FOURTEENTH KERALA LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

# COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC ACCOUNTS (2016-2019)

## THIRTY THIRD REPORT

On

Paragraphs relating to Taxes and Registration Departments contained in the Report of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2012 (Revenue Receipts)

# CONTENTS

				Page
Composition of the Committee	· · · · ·		••	V
Introduction		. · · · ·	1. 	vii
Report			**	1
Appendices :			· •	
1. Summary of Main Con	clusions/Recom	mendations	••	26
2. Notes furnished by Go	vernment		••	<b>30</b>
	•	· · · · ·		·
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			•.	

# COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC ACCOUNTS (2016-2019)

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## INTRODUCTION

I, the Chairman, Committee on Public Accounts, having been authorised by the Committee to present this Report, on their behalf present the Thirty Third Report on paragraphs relating to Taxes and Registration Departments contained in the Report of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India for the year ended 31st March, 2012 (Revenue Receipts).

The Report of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India for the year ended 31st March, 2012 (Revenue Receipts) was laid on the Table of the House on 19<sup>th</sup> March, 2013.

The Committee considered and finalised this Report at the meeting held on 3<sup>rd</sup> December, 2018.

The Committee place on records their appreciation of the assistance rendered to them by the Accountant General in the examination of the Audit Report.

> V. D. SATHEESAN, Chairman, Committee on Public Accounts.

Thiruvananthapuram, 3<sup>rd</sup> December, 2018.

## REPORT

# TAXES DEPARTMENT

## AUDIT PARAGRAPH

#### Tax Administration

The levy and collection of taxes on agricultural income is governed by The Kerala Agricultural Income Tax (KAIT) Act 1991 and is administered by Commissioner of Commercial Tax (CCT). The assessment, levy and collection are looked after by Inspecting Assistant Commissioners, Agricultural Income Tax and Commercial Tax Officers. The Department of Commercial Taxes is under the control of the Secretary to Government (Taxes) at the Government level.

Companies and persons, who derive agricultural income within the State are liable to KAIT. In respect of Companies tax at the rates prescribed in the Schedule to the Act shall be charged. From April 2000, persons holding landed property upto 500 hectares may opt to pay tax at compounded rate. No tax is payable on first five hectares.

## Trend of receipts

Actual receipts (AR) from agricultural income tax during the last five years (2007-08 to 2011-12) along with the budget estimates (BEs) during the same period are exhibited in the following table and graph :

(₹ in crore)

Year	Budget Estimates	Actual Receipts	Variation	Percentage of variation	Total tax receipts of the State	Percentage of actual receipts vis-á-vis total tax receipts	Percentage of growth rate
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
2007-08	6.56	22.05	(+) 15.49	(+) 236.13	13,668.95	0.16	128.97
2008-09	7.39	11.97	(+) 4.58	(+) 61.98	15,990.18	0.07	(-)45.71
2009-10	<u> -</u>	27.73	(+) 19.21	(+)225.47	17,625.02	0.16	131.67

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- 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
2010-11	12.00	46.97	(+) 34.97	(+)291.41	21,721.69	0.22	69.38
2011-12	14.49	42.86	(+) 28.37	(+) 195.79	25,718.60	0.16	(-) 8.75

Source: Finance Account of relevant year



It was noticed in Audit that during

2011-12 the Department could not maintain the growth rate achieved during the previous year. Department may streamline its budgeting process to make the budget estimates realistic as significant variations were noticed persistently between budget estimates and actual receipts.

# Arrears in AIT assessment

The Department furnished the position of arrears under agricultural income tax which is as shown below:

Opening balance	7.040
	7,050
Addition during 2011-12 including remanded cases	2,757
Total	9,807
No. of assessments completed	5,067
Arrear cases - 4,005	
Current cases - 1,059	
Remanded cases - 3	<u>-</u>
Closing balance	4,740

The table above shows that the Department completed 5,067 assessments which was 51.67 per cent of the arrears outstanding.

#### Impact of Audit

#### **Revenue** Impact

During the last four years, cases of inadmissible expenses, income escaping assessment, incorrect computation of income, underassessment due to assignment of incorrect status etc., with revenue implication of ₹ 54.99 crore in 208 paragraphs were pointed out. Of these, the Department/Government accepted audit observations involving ₹ 1.52 crore and had since recovered ₹ 0.23 crore. The details are shown in the following table:

(₹ in crore)

Year of Audit Report	Paragraphs included		Paragraphs accepted			nount overed
	No.	Amount	No.	Amount	No.	Amount
2007-08	43	3.69	17	0.35	10	
2008-09 Vol. I	67	28.66	9	0.12	4	0.11
2009-10	39	5.57	19	0.95	11	0.12
2010-11	59	17.07	5	0.10	1	
Total	208	54.99	50	1.52	26	0.23

The recovery of cases vis-á-vis the amount accepted was negligible.

#### Working of Internal Audit Wing

As the Department did not furnish detailed information on internal audit, Audit was unable to comment on the performance of the Internal Audit Wing (IAW).

### Result of audit

In 2011-12 Audit test checked records of 32 units relating to agricultural income tax. Under assessment of tax and other irregularities involving  $\gtrless$  24.98 crore in 13 cases were noticed in audit which fall under the following categories:

(₹	in	crore)
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Sl. No.	Categories	No. of cases	Amount
1	Income escaping assessment	4	23.11
2	Incorrect computation of tax	3	0.03
3	Inadmissible expenses	2	0.54
4	Others .	4	1.30
	Total .	13	24.98

During the course of the year, the Department accepted underassessment and other deficiencies of  $\overline{\mathbf{x}}$  6.21 lakh in 7 cases out of which one case involving  $\overline{\mathbf{x}}$  7,158 was pointed out in audit during the year 2011-12. The Department realised an amount of  $\overline{\mathbf{x}}$  6.21 lakh in seven cases during the year 2011-12.

A few illustrative audit observations involving ₹ 5.45 crore are mentioned in the succeeding paragraphs.

### Audit observations

Scrutiny of the assessment records of agricultural income tax in Commercial Taxes Department revealed several cases of non-observance of provisions of Act/Rules, incorrect determination of incomelinterest, grant of inadmissible expenses/allowances and other cases as mentioned in the succeeding paragraphs in this chapter. These cases are illustrative and are based on a test check carried out in audit. Such omissions on the part of the Assessing Authorities (AAs) are pointed out in audit each year but not only do the irregularities persist, but these also remain undetected till an audit is conducted. There is need for the Government to improve the internal control system including strengthening of the internal audit.

# Non-observance of provisions of Act/Rules

Under the KAIT Act and Rules made thereunder, for completing assessments the following aspects should be observed:

(i) tax shall be levied at the prescribed rate on the agricultural income derived by the assessee;

(ii) deductions shall be allowed on income derived subject to certain conditions; and

(iii) interest shall be levied on the balance tax payable.

It was noticed that while finalising the assessment, the AAs did not observe some provisions which resulted in short levy of tax and interest of ₹ 5.45 crore as mentioned in the paragraphs 3.8.1 to 3.8.3.

[Audit paragraph 3.1 to 3.8 contained in the report of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India for the year ended 31<sup>n</sup> March, 2012 (Revenue sector)]

Notes furnished by Government on the above Audit paragraphs is included as Appendix II.

1. Regarding the audit objection, ACS replied that audit objection was accepted and almost all the pending cases were recommended for action under RR. He added that cases which completed assessment were either appealed or referred through RR proceedings. The Committee advised that the department should be vigilant in rectifying the defects pointed out by the audit.

2. The Committee observed that the importance of IAW became irrelevant as the income by way of recovery got declined and strengthening of the wing would be more expensive. To a query of the Committee, the ACS, taxes department replied that in last year,  $\gtrless$  61 lakh had been collected. He also added that no actions were being carried out for internal auditing and the department now focus only on the collection of tax arrears.

3. When the official from AG's office brought the attention of the Committee to the fact that there was difference in the figures shown in the report furnished by CIT on 4-10-2012, the ACS, taxes department replied that almost all the remaining arrears were cleared till 2014. The Committee directed the department to furnish a detailed report on the latest position of the cases where assessment were pending.

# Conclusions/Recommendations

4. The Committee observes that revenue implication of ₹ 54.99 crore, was materalised due to inadmissible expenses, escaped income, incorrect computation

of income and underassessment and from that the department accepted audit observation involving  $\overline{\mathbf{x}}$  1.52 crore of which were  $\overline{\mathbf{x}}$  0.23 crore has been realised so far. The Committee directs the department to initiate steps at the earliest to recover the short realisations. The Committee also advises the department to be vigilant in rectifying the defects pointed out by the audit.

5. The Committee understands that assessment relating to agricultural income tax is not being done properly. Though the Committee directed the department to furnish a detailed report on the latest position of the cases where assessment were pending at the meeting, the department had not yet furnished the report. It observes that the Taxes department had not made any serious effort to submit it till the date and it expresses strong displeasure over the lethargic attitude of the department. The Committee strongly demands the department to submit the report at the earliest.

# Incorrect determination of taxable income

[(IAC (AIT), Kottayam; March 2012)]

The Kerala Agricultural Income Tax Act, 1991 stipulates that where an allowance or deduction is made in the assessment for any year in respect of loss or expenditure and if the assessee obtained any amount in lieu of such loss; the amount so obtained shall be deemed to be agricultural income.

It was noticed (December 2010) from the assessment records of KFDC Ltd<sup>1</sup>, for the assessment year 2008-09 that as per balance sheet an amount of ₹ 3.64 crore received as subsidy by the assessee as a compensation for selling timber at reduced price was neither shown as income in the assessment return filed by the assessee nor was it assessed by the AIT officer through it was an agricultural income. The omission resulted in non-levy of tax of ₹ 1.82 crore.

Kerala Forest Development Corporation Limited

After this being pointed to the Department and the Government in March 2012, the Government stated (September 2012) that the subsidy received by the corporation from the Government was an allowance intended for the compensation of loss happened by fall in price of timber and hence not agricultural income. The reply is not acceptable as the subsidy received was towards fall in price and as such was part of total agricultural income since there was no fall in price of timber and the amount received had to be reckoned as part of sale price.

[Audit paragraph 3.8.1 contained in the report of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India for the year ended 3<sup>th</sup> March, 2012 (Revenue sector)]

Notes furnished by Government on the above Audit paragraphs is included as Appendix II.

6. The Committee analysed that during the period 2008-2010, the assessment of agricultural income tax without observing the provisions of Act and Rules, resulted in a huge loss of ₹ 5.45 crore.

7. Regarding the audit paragraph, the Committee observed that, where an allowance or deduction is made in the assessment for any year in respect of loss or expenditure and if the assessee obtained any amount in lieu of such loss the amount so obtained shall be deemed to be Agricultural income. Audits view was that KFDC Ltd. received ₹ 3.64 crore as subsidy as a compensation for selling timber at reduced price and it omission instead of including it as income in the assessment return filed by the assessee resulted in non-levy of tax of ₹ 1.82 crore. When the Committee enquired whether the additional demand had been collected, the Additional Chief Secretary, Taxes department replied that the mistakes pointed out in audit were accepted, and the matter had been informed to KFDC. But when the department took steps to collect the additional demand of ₹ 3.68 crore, KFDC filed an appeal against Government. An official from the office of the Accountant General interfered and opined that there were no price fall in the market but as per Government order the timber was sold at a concessional rate. The Committee observed that subsidy was granted as a compensation for reduced price and hence there was no fall in price, the amount received had to be reckoned as part of sale price and to be included as agricultural income. The Additional Chief Secretary, taxes department supplemented that as per the Company Act, all subsidies were considered as income.

8. The Committee views that the subsidy received towards fall in price of timber shall be treated as agricultural income. The exclusion  $\overline{<}$  3.64 crore from the assessment return filed by KFDC and the non-levy of  $\overline{<}$  1.82 crore are not justifiable. Therefore, the Committee recommends that the department should initiate proper action to collect the short levy and furnish detailed report on the present status of the appeal filed by KFDC if any.

## Incorrect allowance of expenses

[(IAC (AIT), Kottayam; March 2012)]

Section 5 of the KAIT Act enumerates the deductions allowable from the agricultural income. Cost of failed plantation and prior period expenditure are not included in the list of items on which deduction is allowable under the Act.

It was noticed that while finalising the assessment (December 2010) of a public sector company (KFDC Ltd.) for the assessment year 2008-09 the assessing officer allowed an amount of ₹ 3.04 crore being the cost of failed plantations. This resulted in escape of income of ₹ 3.04 crore with tax effect of ₹ 1.52 crore.

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After the matter was pointed out to the Department to the Government in June 2012, the Government stated (September 2012) that the corporation was raising plantations solely for felling and sale of wood and income out of this sale was subjected to tax and hence cost of raising it ought to have been allowed for deduction. Further, failure of plantation is a universal phenomenon and certain percentage of the seedlings would perish before attaining maturity.

It is clear from the reply that the plants had perished when plants were in the immature stage and in view of the provision in the Act that expenditure incurred for the cultivation, upkeep or maintenance of immature plants from which no agricultural income is derived during the previous year shall not be allowed.

#### [(IAC (AIT), Kottayam; January 2012)]

It was noticed that while finalising the assessment (October 2010) of a public limited company (KFDC Ltd.) for the year 2008-09 the assessing officer allowed prior period expenditure of ₹ 33.59 lakh being expenditure incurred by the assessee towards various expenditure during earlier years. This resulted in escape of income of ₹ 33.59 lakh with consequent tax effect of ₹ 16.80 lakh.

After the matter was pointed out to the Department in January 2012 and reported to Government in March 2012, the Government stated (September 2012) that certain income and expenditure which relate to previous years are accounted by the corporation under the head 'Prior period income' and 'Prior period expenditure' in their books of accounts but they were actually derived and incurred in the current year itself. The reply is not tenable since the Act does not allow the adjustment of expenditure incurred in previous year against income in subsequent year.

[Audit pargraph. 3.8.2 contained in the report of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2012 (Revenue sector)]

Notes furnished by Government on the above Audit paragraphs is included as Appendix II.

9. The Committee noticed the audit observation that while finalising the assessment of KFDC during 2008-09 by allowing  $\gtrless$  3.04 crore being the cost of failed plantation resulted in the non-levy of tax of  $\gtrless$  1.52 crore eventhough cost of failed plantation and prior period expenditure were not included in the list of items on which deduction is allowable under section 5 of KAIT Act. The ACS, taxes department detailed that in Section 5 of KAIT Act, interest, land development cost, bonus, gratuity, repair and maintenance, plantation, insurance etc., were included as deductable items, though the expenses on failed plantation were not included. He also added that when the matter was communicated to KFDC to clear the assessment they filed an appeal.

10. To a query on the cases relating to failed plantations, the ACS, taxes department replied that the corporation had cultivated coffee, tea, cardamom and other crops. The cultivation on the entire forest area covering 4000 hec, become

impracticable owing to that only 136 staff were employed there. He added that since cardamom is climatically sensitive, its plantation in Gavi could not be maintained due to financial and climatic problems.

11. When the Committee enquired whether the calculation of income depended on the area of cultivation, the Deputy AG stated that it was based on the profit and loss account.

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12. The Committee remarked that at the time of filing return, expenses incurred on failed plantation were included eventhough section 5 did not allow deduction on account of failed plantations. The Committee enquired how the loss incurred on failed plantation would be calculated for the assessment, since there were no proof on plantation failure. In this regard ACS, taxes department replied that the deduction would not be allowed on items not mentioned in Section 5 and after Finance Act, 2013, deductions were allowed only to Companies.

13. The Committee understood that even though failure of plantation is a universal phenomenon, there were no reduction on expenditure incurred for cultivation, upkeep or maintenance of immature plants from which no agricultural income was derived and hence the cost of raising ought to have been allowed for deduction. The Committee emphasised the need for a proper mechanism for the assessment of cost of failed plantation and decided to recommend that necessary steps should immediately be taken to amend KAIT Act so as to incorporate cost of failed plantations in the list of deductable items.

14. To a query regarding the adjustment of expenditure incurred in previous year against income in subsequent year, the ACS replied that KFDC filed an appeal in this regard.

## Conclusions/Recommendations

15. It is understood that while finalising the assessment of KFDC during 2008-09 by allowing ₹ 3.04 crore as the cost of failed plantation resulted in the non-levy of tax of ₹ 1.52 crore even though cost of failed plantation and prior period expenditure were not included as the deductable items under Section 5 of KAIT Act. Even though failure of plantation is a universal phenomenon, there were no reduction on expenditure incurred for cultivation, upkeep or maintenance

of immature plants from which no agricultural income was derived and hence the cost of raising ought to have been allowed for deduction. The committee emphasises the need for a proper mechanism for the assessment of cost of failed plantation.

16. The Committee realises that exemption of ₹ 33.59 lakh being the expenditure incurred during the earlier years was made during the assessment of the particular year. Since such deductions are not allowable under the provisions of the Act the Committee recommends that appropriate action should be taken to collect the escaped amount of ₹ 16.80 lakh and a detailed report be furnished on the present status of the appeal filed by KFDC if any.

#### Incorrect exemption of income led to income escaping assessment

[(IAC (AIT & CT); Mattancherry)]

Section 2(1) (a) of KAIT Act 1991 stipulates that any rent or revenue derived from land which is used for agricultural purposes is agricultural income. The agricultural income derived from cultivation of pineapple is exempt from levy of agricultural income tax; however, lease rent is not exempted from agricultural income tax.

It was noticed that while finalising the provisional assessment of a domestic company (Harrison Malayalam Ltd.) for the years 2006-07 and 2007-08 the assessing authority exempted the income of  $\gtrless$  1.45 crore and

₹ 1.42 crore received respectively by the company on account of lease rent/licence fee for intercrop cultivation of pineapple in the rubber division and tea division instead of levying tax on the income received by the assessee. The omission to assess the aggregate income of ₹ 2.87 crore resulted in non-levy of tax of ₹ 1.44 crore.

After the matter was pointed out to the Department in October 2010 and to the Government in December 2010, the Government stated (October 2011) that the agricultural income derived from cultivation of pineapple was not taxable and hence the lease rent/licence fee could not be assessed to agricultural income tax. The reply is not tenable as only agricultural income derived by pineapple cultivation is exempt, the rent received from land used for agricultural purposes is taxable irrespective of the fact that source is taxable or not and that the cause of income by the tax payer, i.e. the assessee, is lease.

# [(IAC (AIT); Kottayam)]

The KAIT Act 1991 stipulates that agricultural income means anv income derived from land by sale by the cultivator or received by him in respect of which no process has been performed. The forest development tariff is the amount collected by the assessee at five per cent of the value of invoice raised during the year for timber and timber growth retained by him. As this is an additional source of revenue for the assessee, the same will form part of his agricultural income. From April 2005 onwards agricultural income tax leviable in the case of domestic company having total agricultural income exceeding rupees three lakh is 50 per cent of the total agricultural income.

It was noticed that while finalising the assessment of a public limited company (KFDC Ltd.) (October 2010) in IAC Kottayam, the assessing officer did not include forest development tariff of ₹ 66.58 lakh collected by the assessee in his income This resulted in escape of income of ₹ 66.58 lakh with resultant short levy of tax of ₹ 33.29 lakh.

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After the case was pointed out to the Department (January 2012) and reported to the Government (March 2012). Government stated (August 2012) that as per a tribunal decision<sup>2</sup>, forest development tariff is a separate levy and cannot be treated as part of sale value and does not form part of income. The reply is not correct since tax and development tariff are different.

The tax paid is an allowable deduction whereas the forest development tariff is collected by the assessee from the purchasers of forest produce which is retained by them and hence form part of agricultural income under the KAIT Act. Tribunal decision cited is about forest development tax and not development tariff. Further report has not been received (December 2012).

12 KTR 62

### [(IAC(AIT); Kottayam)]

The KAIT Act, 1991 allows deduction of expenditure not being in the nature of finalising the assessment of a capital expenditure or personal expenses of the assessee expended wholly and exclusively for the purpose of deriving agricultural income.

It was noticed that while public limited company (KFDC Ltd.) for the year 2008-09, the assessing officer allowed deduction of an

amount of ₹ 34.35 lakh on account of property written off and shown as expenditure in the Profit & Loss account. Since no agricultural income was derived from the property written off no deduction was admissible. The incorrect deduction resulted in escape of income of ₹ 34.35 lakh with short levy of tax of ₹ 17.17 lakh.

The matter was pointed out to the Department in January 2012; reply has not been received (December 2012).

[Audit pargraph 3.8.3 contained in the report of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India for the year ended 31<sup>th</sup> March 2012 (Revenue sector)]

Notes furnished by Government on the above Audit paragraphs is included as Appendix II.

17. The Committee was aggrieved to note that by exempting the lease rent of ₹ 2.87 crore received from Harrisson Malayalam Ltd. from the intercrop cultivation of pineapple instead of assessing it as taxable income resulted in the non-levy of tax of ₹ 1.44 crore. When the Committee enquired whether the lease rent was assessed, the ACS, Taxes Department replied that the case had been kept pending and section 2(1)(a) of the KAIT Act provided an exemption to the income derived from intercrop cultivation of pineapple. The ACS also added that recently Honourable Supreme Court had delivered a corresponding decision and assured to verify the relevance and correctness of it in consultation with the Law Department and would inform it to the Committee.

18. The Committee observed that even though, forest development tariff form part of agricultural income under the KAIT Act omission of forest development tariff of  $\overline{\xi}$  66.58 lakh by the Assessing Officer resulted in the non-levy of tax of  $\overline{\xi}$  33.29 lakh. The ACS, Taxes department informed that the department accepted the audit observation and an appeal in this case was also pending.

19. The Committee noticed the audit observation that incorrect deduction of  $\vec{\mathbf{x}}$  34.35 lakh on account of property written off resulted in the non-levy of tax of  $\vec{\mathbf{x}}$  17.17 lakh. No deduction was admissible according to the KAIT Act since no agricultural income was derived from property written off. The ACS, Taxes department informed that the assessment was completed with an additional demand of  $\vec{\mathbf{x}}$  3.68 crore.

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20. At this juncture an official from the office of the Accountant General drew the attention of the Committee to the fact that the Government created an additional demand of  $\overline{\mathbf{x}}$  3.68 crore against  $\overline{\mathbf{x}}$  4.01 crore in the audit objection. The ACS, taxes department assured that they would reconcile, the difference in the figure and would furnish a report.

# Conclusions/Recommendations

21. The Committee observes that lease rent received on account of intercrop cultivation of pineapple in the rubber division shall be taxable as per the relevant sections of the KAIT Act 1991. The Committee directed the taxes department to furnish a detailed report after examining the related verdicts of Supreme Court and present status of the cases. But the department had not yet furnished it. Hence the Committee recommends that the taxes department should furnish a detailed report after examining the related verdicts of Supreme Court, in consultation with the Law Department. And also demands to furnish present status of the cases or appeals filed by the assessee, Harrisons Malayalam Ltd, at the earliest.

22. The Committee views that the forest development tariff collected by the assessee on selling forest produce should not be evaded while assessing agricultural income, since it was collected by the assessee from the purchases of produce and was retained by them. At the Committee meeting, the department assured to furnish the present position of the appeal filed by

KFDC, but the department had not furnished yet. The Committee expresses its dissatisfaction over the slothful attitude of the department in not carrying out the assurances given at the time of Committee meetings. The Committee directs the taxes department to furnish the latest position of the appeal filed by KFDC to escape a tax of  $\vec{\epsilon}$  33.29 lakh, at the earliest.

#### **REGISTRATION DEPARTMENT**

#### AUDIT PARAGRAPH

#### **Tax Administration**

The Registration Department is under the control of the Secretary to the Government, Taxes at Government level and the Inspector General of Registration is the head of the Department. Instruments affecting immovable property are to be presented for registration in the office of the Sub-Registrar within whose jurisdiction the whole or some portions of the property is situated. The Registration Department administers the Acts and Rules relating to Stamp Duty and Registration Fees.

Non-testamentary instruments which purport or operate to create, declare, assign, limit or extinguish, whether in present or in future, any right, title or interest, whether vested or contingent of the value of one hundred rupees and upwards, to or in immovable property and other instruments mentioned under Section 17 of the Registration Act 1908 are to be registered compulsorily and the registration of documents mentioned under Section 18 is optional.

#### Trend of receipts

Actual receipts from stamp duty and registration fees during the last five years (2007-08 to 2011-12) along with the budget estimates during the same period is exhibited in the following table and graph.

Yçar	Budget Estimates	Actual Receipts	Variation	Percentage of variation	Total tax receipts of the State	Percentage of actual receipts vis- a-vis total tax receipts	Percentage of growth rate over actual receipts
2007-08	1,524.12	2,027.97	(+) 503.85	. (+) 33.06	13,668.95	14.84	33,42
2008-09	2,420.56	2,002.99	(-) 417.57	(-) 17.25	15,990.18	12.53	(-) 1.23
2009-10	2,728.63	1,896.41	(-) 832.22	(-) 30.50	17,625.02	10.76	(-) 5.32
2010-11	2,187.51	2,552.49	(+) 364.98	(+)16.68	21,721.69	11.75	34,59
2011-12	3,252.17	2,986.55	(-) 265.62	(-) 8.17	25,718.60	11.61	17.01

Budget estimates and actual receipts



It is appreciable to note that there is an increasing trend in the revenue collection during past two years.

## Cost of Collection

The gross collection of revenue receipts under the head Stamps and Registration fees, expenditure incurred on collection and the percentage of

(₹ in crore)

expenditure to gross collection during 2007-08 to 2011-12 along with the All India average percentage of expenditure on collection to gross collection for relevant years are mentioned below.

Year	Collection	Expenditure on collection of revenue	Percentage of Expenditure to	All India average percentage	
	(₹ i	n crore)	gross collection	over the previous year	
2007-08	1,946.08	77.64	3.99	2.33	
2008-09	1,931.75	82.97	4.30	2.09	
2009-10	1,812.89	100.70	5.55	2.77	
2010-11	2,477.19	101.56	4.09	2.47	
2011-12	2,906.89	144.85	4.98	1.60	

(Source : Finance Accounts and Departmental figures)

It was noticed that the expenditure on collection was throughout higher than the All India Average. However, the revenue collection registered an increase of 17.35 per cent in 2011-12 over the previous year, whereas the expenditure on collection of revenue was much higher with 42.63 per cent for the said period.

### Impact of Audit

During the last four years, undervaluation of documents, short levy of stamp duty etc. with revenue implication of  $\stackrel{<}{\phantom{<}}$  64.89 crore were pointed out in 973 paragraphs. Of these, the Department/Government accepted audit observations involving  $\stackrel{<}{\phantom{<}}$  6.40 crore and recovered  $\stackrel{<}{\phantom{<}}$  0.13 crore. The details are shown in the following table.

(₹ in crore)

Year of Audit Report	Paragraphs included in , the LAR			ns accepted the year	Amount recovered during the year	
Report	No.	Amount	No.	Amount	No.	Amount
1 - 1	2	3	4	5	6	. 7
2007-08	245	1.59	118	0.25	6	0.02
2008-09	235	7.02	54	0.38	52	0.03

1767/2018.

Total	973	64.89	435	6.40	186	0.13
2010-11	235	47.24	87	2.75	74	0.05
2009-10	258	9.04	176	3.02	54	0.03
<u></u>	2	. 3	. 4	5	6	7

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It is seen from the table that the Department has recovered only 2.03 per cent of the total amount accepted during the four years.

## Working of Internal Audit Wing

Inspector General of Registration (IGR), Kerala monitors the functioning of the Internal Audit Wing (IAW) of the Registration Department. The District Registrar (DR) (Audit) and team conduct audit in the district. The SROs are audited annually. The total number of staff deputed for the internal audit work in this Department is sixty two. The team leader is the DR (Audit) who is assisted by his subordinates. There is neither an Internal Audit Manual nor a centralised training system for the audit wing. During 2011-12, IAW audited 256 units out of 312 units planned for audit.

It is recommended that the IAW may be strengthened by imparting training to the persons deployed for audit and by preparing an Internal Audit Manual.

### Results of audit

In 2011-12 the records of 160 units relating to the Registration Department were test checked and underassessment of tax and other irregularities involving ₹ 3.31 crore were detected in 160 cases which fall under the following categories:

(₹ in crore)

3

SI. Ņo.	Categories	No. of cases	Amount
1	Undervaluation of documents	145	3.09
2 .	Other lapses	15	0.22
	Total	160	3.31

The Department accepted undervaluation and other deficiencies of ₹ 2.35 crore in 90 cases, of which 13 cases involving ₹ 0.10 crore were pointed out in audit during the year 2011-12 and the rest in earlier years. An amount of ₹ 0.07 crore was realised in 76 cases during the year of which four cases involving ₹ 0.01 crore pertained to 2011-12.

A few illustrative cases involving money value of  $\mathbf{\overline{\tau}}$  94.16 lakh are discussed in the succeeding paragraphs.

[Audit pargraph 4.1 to 4.6 contained in the report of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India for the year ended 31st March 2012 (Revenue sector)]

Notes furnished by Government on the above Audit paragraphs is included as Appendix II.

23. The Committee noticed the audit observation that there was neither an Internal Audit Manual nor a centralised training system for the audit wing in Registration Department. The ACS, taxes department informed that the department accepted the audit observation and he added that arrangements were taken for giving proper training to all officers and a new training centre would start its function within one year.

24. The Committee was of the opinion that Internal Audit Wing could not be functioned effectively without guidelines. Therefore, the Committee directed the department to prepare an Internal Audit Manual and to take necessary steps to establish a centralised training system for the audit wing.

#### Conclusion/Recommendation

25. The Internal Audit Wing of any department is expected to conduct proper auditing of all the financial transactions done by the department. It is evident from the audit objection that the department has neither an Internal Audit Manual nor a centralised training system for the audit wing. The Committee opines that Internal Audit Wing could not be functioned effectively without proper guidelines. Therefore the Committee directs the department to prepare an Internal Audit Manual and to take adequate steps to establish a centralised training system for the officials of the audit wing.

## Other audit observations

The records of various registration offices were scrutinised and several cases of non-compliance of the provisions of the Indian Stamp Act, 1899 and the Kerala Stamp Act, 1959 (KS Act) and other cases as mentioned in the succeeding paragraphs in this chapter were noticed. These cases are illustrative and are based on a test check carried out in audit. Such omissions on the part of the Sub-Registrars (SRs) are pointed out each year. Not only do the irregularities persist, but also remain undetected till another audit is conducted. There is need for the Government to improve the internal control system including strengthening of the internal audit.

# Non-Compliance of provisions of Act/Rules

The provisions of the KS Act and Registration Rules require:-

i) initiating action in cases where documents were undervalued and

ii) correct classification of documents.

We noticed that the SRs did not observe some of the above provisions at the time of registration of the documents. This resulted in short levy/evasion of stamp duty of ₹ 94.16 lakh as mentioned in the succeeding paragraphs.

# Splitting up of land to evade stamp duty and registration fee

\* (SRO, Ambalapuzha)

Section 45 B of Kerala Stamp Act, 1959 stipulates that if the registering authority has reason to believe that the value of the property or the consideration has not been truly set forth in the instrument transferring any property brought before him for registration, he may after registering the document, refer the same to the Collector for determination of the value or consideration and the proper duty payable thereon in terms of SRO No. 1514/86 read with Act 16 of 1991, District Registrars are empowered to act as Collectors for this purpose.

It was noticed (November 2011) from the "Register of Non-Testamentary

Documents<sup>19</sup> relating to immovable property that 272.1 ares<sup>2</sup> of land was transferred by the same executant to the same

 Containing details of all documents relating to immovable property other than 'Will' like conveyance, partition, release, mortgage etc.,

2 One Are= 100 sq. metres.

person through two sale deeds registered on the same day by which 40.47 ares and 231.63 ares were sold for  $\overline{\mathbf{x}}$  one crore each. Land was split up before the transactions in such a way that major portion of land was without road facility and it was registered at a lower value. The case was not reported as a suspected case of undervaluation to the Registrar for initiating action under Section 45 B (2) of the Act. This resulted in undervaluation of the second document to the tune of  $\overline{\mathbf{x}}$ 4.72 crore and consequent short levy of stamp duty and registration fee of  $\overline{\mathbf{x}}$  56.68 lakh.

The matter was pointed out to the Department (November 2011) and reported to Government (February 2012); their reply has not been received (December 2012).

\* (SRO, Nileswaram)

It was noticed (December 2010) that 21.04 area of land was transferred by the same executant to the same two persons through two sale deeds executed within four days (6 August 2009 and 10 August 2009) by which 1.11 area and 19.93 area were sold for  $\mathbf{E}$  4.68 lakh and  $\mathbf{E}$  3.50 lakh respectively. Land was split up before the transactions in such a way that major portion of land was without road facility and it was registered at a lower value. This resulted in undervaluation of the second document to the tune of  $\mathbf{E}$  80.44 lakh and consequent short levy of stamp duty and registration fee of  $\mathbf{E}$  9.65 lakh.

The matter was pointed out to the Department (December 2010) and the Department stated (December 2011) that *suo motu* action was being taken on the document.

The case was reported to Government (February 2012); their remarks have not been received (December 2012).

[Audit paragraph 4.7 to 4.8.1 contained in the report of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India for the year ended 31<sup>th</sup> March 2012 (Revenue sector)] Notes furnished by Government on the above Audit paragraphs is included as Appendix II.

26. The Committee came to know that violation of Section 45 B of Kerala Stamp Act, 1959 resulted in the short levy/evasion of stamp duty of ₹ 94.16 lakh in different undervaluation cases. The Committee also noticed that even though the whole property had road access, the land was split up before the transaction in such a way that major portion of land was without road facility and was registered at a lower value. The ACS, Taxes department accepted the audit observation and informed that sub-registrar had no authority to reject an application for registration and added that 30000 undervaluation cases had included in the Amnesty Scheme since 2009. The Committee also noticed that the issue regarding splitting up of land to evade stamp duty was not addressed.

27. When an official from the office of the Accountant General brought to the attention of the Committee over the fact that even after the implementation of fair value in the State, the splitting up of land before sale had been existing now. The Committee enquired how to resolve the issue of stamp duty evasion; The ACS, Taxes department replied that there was provision in the Budget 2013, for imposing two times stamp duty for subsequent transactions within a period of 3 months from the date of registration and 1 ½ times stamp duty for transaction within six months and norms were fixed while implementing fair value. The ACS added that the practice of splitting up of land before sale deed was being continued and in accordance with this the respective RDO's should fix and publish the fair value. The Committee opined that even though the lapses pointed out by Audit were accepted by the Government, they persist widely. Therefore, the Committee decided to recommend that the department should take scrupulous efforts to avoid such irregularities in future.

# Conclusion/Recommendation

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28. The Committee notices from the audit observation that violation of Section 45 B of Kerala Stamp Act, 1959 resulted in the short levy/evasion of stamp duty of  $\overline{\mathbf{x}}$  94.16 lakh in different undervaluation cases. Even though the whole property had road access, the land was split up before the transaction in

such a way that major portion of land was without road facility and was registered at a lower value. The practice of splitting up of land before sale deed was being continued extensively to skip out the fair value fixed and published by RDOs. The Committee opines that even though the lapses pointed out by Audit were accepted by the Government such cases persist widely. Therefore, the committee recommends that the department should take scrupulous efforts to prevent such cunning misdeeds in future, and furnish a report in this regard.

## Short levy of stamp duty and registration fee due to undervaluation

\* (SRO, Agali)

Section 45 B of Kerala Stamp Act, 1959 stipulates that if the registering authority has reason to believe that the value of the property or the consideration has not been truly set forth in the instrument transferring any property brought before him for registration, he may after registering the document, refer the same to the Collector for determination of the value or consideration and the proper duty payable thereon. The Collector may, *suo motu*, within two years from the date of registration of the instrument not already referred to him, call for and examine for the purpose of satisfying himself as to the correctness of its value and the duty payable thereon and may determine the value and duty. For this purpose power of Collector has been delegated to the District Registrar.

was noticed (May 2008) that 34 sale deeds were registered, whereby 122,365 acres<sup>3</sup> of land was sold to company, the previous documents of which were registered within a period of one to six months prior to the registration the of present documents. The values shown in the

previous documents were considerably lower than the subsequent documents resulting in undervaluation of previous documents to the extent of  $\gtrless$  1.26 crore. This resulted in short levy of stamp duty and registration fees of  $\gtrless$  15.15 lakh.

The Government formed a committee (May 2010) which was entrusted the work of enquiring into these audit observations also. The committee confirmed (October 2010) that there had been undervaluation in sale deeds presented for registration at SRO Agali. However, further report on action taken has not been received (December 2012).

#### \*(SRO, Vadakkencherry)

Verification (November 2011) of Book 1 and register of undervaluation revealed that while registering the conveyance deeds, conveyance transfer of two properties of 243.03 ares and 113.72 ares in Kizhakkencherry Panchavat in April and May 2008 for  $\mathbf{\xi}$  7 lakh and  $\mathbf{\xi}$  4.90 lakh respectively, the registering authority estimated the value of these properties as ₹ 48.29 lakh and ₹ 36 lakh respectively and referred the deeds to District Registrar as suspected cases of undervaluation. The values estimated by the registering authority with available details were recorded in the register of undervaluation maintained in the sub registry office. Subsequently, notices were issued to the parties for settling the cases under compounding scheme and the first case was settled under compounding scheme while the second case remained unsettled, Meanwhile, these properties were sold again in October and November 2009 for consideration of ₹ 11.60 lakh and  $\overline{\mathbf{x}}$  8 lakh respectively. Though the details of undervaluation of property and the value estimated and reported to District Registrar were available in the undervaluation register of the said office, the registering authority did not report the subsequent transactions to the District Registrar as undervaluation cases. This resulted in short levy of stamp duty and registration fee of ₹ 7.76 lakh.

We pointed out the matter to the Department (November 2011) and reported to the Government (February 2012). We have not received any further remarks (December 2012).

\* (SRO, Vadakkencherry)

It was noticed (December 2011) that a property of 155.01 ares of land sold for  $\stackrel{<}{\phantom{<}}$  7.66 lakh in July 2009 was resold after 18 days without any improvement for a consideration of  $\stackrel{<}{\phantom{<}}$  29 lakh. However, the registering authority did not report the first sale to the District Registrar as undervaluation. This resulted in short levy of stamp duty and registration fee of  $\stackrel{<}{\phantom{<}}$  2.56 lakh.

The matter was pointed out to the Department (December 2011) and reported to the Government (February 2012); their remarks have not been received (December 2012).

### • (SRO, Kozhencherry)

From verification (October 2011) of Book 1 and register of undervaluation it was noticed that the registering authority referred to the District Registrar four conveyance deeds registered between January and September 2008 as suspected cases of undervaluation estimating their values of  $\overline{\mathbf{x}}$  12.74 lakh,  $\overline{\mathbf{x}}$  10.80 lakh,  $\overline{\mathbf{x}}$  5.06 lakh and  $\overline{\mathbf{x}}$  2.50 lakh respectively. The values estimated by the registering authority with available details were recorded in the register of undervaluation maintained in the sub registry office. The cases are pending disposal by the District Registrar. Meanwhile, these properties were sold between October 2009 and January 2010 for  $\overline{\mathbf{x}}$  2.60 lakh,  $\overline{\mathbf{x}}$  5 lakh,  $\overline{\mathbf{x}}$  3 lakh and  $\overline{\mathbf{x}}$  0.80 lakh respectively. Though the details of undervaluation of the properties and the values estimated and reported to the District Registrar were available in the undervaluation register of the said office, the registering authority did not refer the register and report the subsequent transactions to the District Registrar as undervaluation cases. This resulted in short levy of stamp duty and registration fee of  $\overline{\mathbf{x}}$  2.36 lakh.

The matter was pointed out to the Department (November 2011) and reported to the Government (February 2012); their remarks have not been received (December 2012).

[Audit pargraph 4.8.2 contained in the report of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2012 (Revenue sector)]

Notes furnished by Government on the above Audit paragraphs is included as Appendix II.

#### Conclusion/Recommendation

The Committee finds the explanation furnished by Government satisfactory. Hence no comments.

Thiruvananthapuram, 3<sup>rd</sup> December, 2018. V. D. SATHEESAN, Chairman, Committee on Public Accounts.

1767/2018.

## APPENDIX I

# SUMMARY OF MAIN CONCLUSIONS/RECOMMENDATIONS

Sl. No.	Para No.	Department Concerned	Conclusions/Recommendations
1	2	3	4
1.	4	Taxes	The Committee observes that revenu
		Department	implication of $\overline{z}$ 54 00 -
			implication of ₹ 54.99 crore, was materalised due to inadmissible expenses escape
			expenses, escape
			income, incorrect computation of incom-
			and under assessment and from that the
•			department accepted audit observation
			involving ₹ 1.52 crore of which were ₹ 0.2. crore has been realised so far The
		•	
		· ·	Committee directs the department to initiate
			steps at the earliest to recover the short
			realisations. The Committee also advises the
· ·			department to be vigilant in rectifying the
~			defects pointed out by the audit.
2.	5	Taxes	The Committee understands that assessment
		Department	relating to agricultural income tax is not
	. [		being done properly. Though the Committee
		• •	directed the department to furnish a detailed
			report on the latest position of the cases
			where assessment were pending at the
		a an	meeting, the department had not yet
		•	furnished the report. It observes that the
Ì	· ·	· · ·	Taxes Department had not made any serious
			effort to submit it till the date and it
		•	expresses strong displeasure over the
			lethargic attitude of the department. The
			Committee strongly demands the department
	<u> </u>		to submit the report at the earliest.

1	2	3	4
3.	8	Taxes	The Committee views that the subsidy
		Department	received towards fall in price of timber shall
		, T	be treated as agricultural income. The
			exclusion ₹ 3.64 crore from the assessment
			return filed by KFDC and the non-levy of
			₹ 1.82 crore are not justifiable. Therefore,
	· .		the Committee recommends that the
			department should initiate proper action to
			collect the short levy and furnish detailed
	ана — Торана Полого — Полого — Пол		
·		н. 	report on the present status of the appeal
			filed by KFDC if any.
4.	15	Taxes	It is understood that while finalising the
		Department	assessment of KFDC during 2008-09 by
			allowing ₹ 3.04 crore as the cost of failed
			plantation resulted in the non-levy of tax of
		•	₹ 1.52 crore even though cost of failed
			plantation and prior period expenditure were
			not included as the deductable items under
-			Section 5 of KAIT Act. Even though failure
	•		
	· .		of plantation is a universal phenomenon,
			there were no reduction on expenditure
			incurred for cultivation, upkeep or
			maintenance of immature plants from which
		•	no agricultural income was derived and
		•	hence the cost of raising ought to have been
			allowed for deduction. The committee
			emphasises the need for a proper mechanism
			for the assessment of cost of failed
-			plantation.
	3.	3. 8	<ul> <li>3. 8 Taxes Department</li> <li>4. 15 Taxes</li> </ul>

ŝ

1	2	3	4
5.	.21	Taxes	The Committee observes that lease rent received
	· · ·	Department	on account of intercrop cultivation of pineapple in
· j		· ·	the rubber division shall be taxable as per the
			relevant sections of the KAIT Act 1991. The
			Committee directed the taxes department to
			furnish a detailed report after examining the
.		· · · ·	related verdicts of Supreme Court and present
			status of the cases. But the department had not yet
ĺ			furnished it. Hence the Committee recommends
			that the taxes department should furnish a
		•	detailed report after examining the related
			verdicts of Supreme Court, in consultation with
			the Law Department. And also demands to
			furnish present status of the cases or appeals filed
		•	by the assessee, Harrisons Malayalam Ltd., at the
			earliest.
6.	22	Taxes	The Committee views that the forest development
		Department	tariff collected by the assessee on selling forest
	-		produce should not be evaded while assessing
			agricultural income, since it was collected by the
			assessee from the purchases of produce and was
		· · · · ·	retained by them. At the Committee meeting, the
		- -	department assured to furnish the present position of
			the appeal filed by KFDC, but the department had
		·	not furnished yet. The Committee expresses its
.			dissatisfaction over the slothful attitude of the
			department in not carrying out the assurances given
			at the time of Committee meetings. The Committee
			directs the taxes department to furnish the latest
1			position of the appeal filed by KFDC to escape a tax of $₹$ 33.29 lakh, at the earliest.

1	2	3	4
7.	25	Registration	The Internal Audit Wing of any department
	•	Department	is expected to conduct proper auditing of all
			the financial transactions done by the
			department. It is evident from the audit
			objection that the department has neither an
			Internal Audit Manual nor a centralised
			training system for the audit wing. The
			Committee opines that Internal Audit Wing
	- -	· .	could not be functioned effectively without
•			proper guidelines. Therefore the Committee
			directs the department to prepare an Internal
		· ·	Audit Manual and to take adequate steps to
		· ·	establish a centralised training system for the
	· .		officials of the audit wing.
8.	28	Registration	The Committee notices from the audit
		Department	observation that violation of Section 45 B of
			Kerala Stamp Act, 1959 resulted in the short
· .		5	levy/evasion of stamp duty of ₹ 94.16 lakh in
			different undervaluation cases. Even though the
• • •			whole property had road access, the land was
			split up before the transaction in such a way
			that major portion of land was without road
-			facility and was registered at a lower value.
· · ·			The practice of splitting up of land before sale
· ·			deed was being continued extensively to skip
		· · · ·	out the fair value fixed and published by RDOs.
	· · .		The Committee opines that even though the
		· •	lapses pointed out by Audit were accepted by
			the Government such cases persist widely.
· · ·			Therefore, the committee recommends that the
	· · .		department should take scrupulous efforts to
			prevent such cunning misdeeds in future, and

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29

# APPENDIX II

# Notes furnished by Government

14 1	(a)	Department	COMMERCIAL TAXES
	· · ·		
	(b)	Subject/Title of the Review	Tax administration
		Paragraph	
	(c)	Paragraph No.	3.1
	(d)	Report No. and Year	C& AG report ended 31.3.2012
n	(a)	Date of receipt of the Draft	
	1	Para/Review in the Department	
	(b)	Date of Department's Reply	
III			Companies and persons, who
		Gist of Paragraph/Review	
1997 - N. 1997 -		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
			within the State are liable to
			KAIT. In respect of Companies
· · · ·	· .		tax at the rates prescribed in
19 J.			the Schedule to the Act shall be
			charged. From April 2000,
			charged. From April 2000 persons holding landed
			charged. From April 2000 persons holding landed property upto 500 hectares may
			charged. From April 2000, persons holding landed property upto 500 hectares may
			charged. From April 2000, persons holding landed property upto 500 hectares may opt to pay tax at compounded
			charged. From April 2000, persons holding landed property upto 500 hectares may opt to pay tax at compounded
V	(a)	Does the Department agree with	charged. From April 2000, persons holding landed property upto 500 hectares may opt to pay tax at compounded rate. No tax is payable on first
2	(a)	the facts and figures included in	charged. From April 2000, persons holding landed property upto 500 hectares may opt to pay tax at compounded rate. No tax is payable on first
<b>V</b> •	(a)	the facts and figures included in the paragraph?	charged. From April 2000, persons holding landed property upto 500 hectares may opt to pay tax at compounded rate. No tax is payable on first five hectares.
<b>v</b>		the facts and figures included in the paragraph? If not, Please indicate areas of	charged. From April 2000, persons holding landed property upto 500 hectares may opt to pay tax at compounded rate. No tax is payable on first five hectares.
<b>V</b> •	(a) (b)	the facts and figures included in the paragraph? If not, Please indicate areas of disagreement and also attach	charged. From April 2000, persons holding landed property upto 500 hectares may opt to pay tax at compounded rate. No tax is payable on first five hectares.
▼.		the facts and figures included in the paragraph? If not, Please indicate areas of disagreement and also attach copies of relevant documents in	charged. From April 2000, persons holding landed property upto 500 hectares may opt to pay tax at compounded rate. No tax is payable on first five hectares.
	(b)	the facts and figures included in the paragraph? If not, Please indicate areas of disagreement and also attach copies of relevant documents in support	charged. From April 2000 persons holding landed property upto 500 hectares may opt to pay tax at compounded rate. No tax is payable on first five hectares.
		the facts and figures included in the paragraph? If not, Please indicate areas of disagreement and also attach copies of relevant documents in	charged. From April 2000, persons holding landed property upto 500 hectares may opt to pay tax at compounded rate. No tax is payable on first five hectares.
	(b)	the facts and figures included in the paragraph? If not, Please indicate areas of disagreement and also attach copies of relevant documents in support Does the Department agree with	charged. From April 2000, persons holding landed property upto 500 hectares may opt to pay tax at compounded rate. No tax is payable on first five hectares.
	(b) (a)	the facts and figures included in the paragraph? If not, Please indicate areas of disagreement and also attach copies of relevant documents in support Does the Department agree with the Audit conclusions? If not, please indicate specific areas of disagreement with	charged. From April 2000, persons holding landed property upto 500 hectares may opt to pay tax at compounded rate. No tax is payable on first five hectares.
	(b) (a)	the facts and figures included in. the paragraph? If not, Please indicate areas of disagreement and also attach copies of relevant documents in support Does the Department agree with the Audit conclusions? If not, please indicate specific areas of disagreement with reasons for disagreement and also	charged. From April 2000, persons holding landed property upto 500 hectares may opt to pay tax at compounded rate. No tax is payable on first five hectares.
	(b) (a)	the facts and figures included in the paragraph? If not, Please indicate areas of disagreement and also attach copies of relevant documents in support Does the Department agree with the Audit conclusions? If not, please indicate specific areas of disagreement with	charged. From April 2000 persons holding landed property upto 500 hectares may opt to pay tax at compounded rate. No tax is payable on first five hectares.

# Action taken Notes on C& AG's Reports

· · ·	VI	Remedial	action taken
· .			No Remarks
÷ .	·	Improvement in system	
	(a)	and procedures,	
<b>a</b> .	1	including internal	
۲		controls.	
	1.1		
R.	. · ·		
2	10-1	<b>D</b>	
	(b)	Recovery of	
A. H. S		overpayment pointed	
<u> </u>		out by audit	
	1	Recovery of under	
	(c)	assessment, short levy	
5		or other dues	
. 1	[	Modification in the	
l	(đ)	schemes and programmes	and the second secon
		including financing	
		pattern	
	(e)	Review of similar	
1		cases/complete	
		scheme/project in the	
. T		light of findings of sample	
10.0		check by Audit findings of	
		sample check by Audit	

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S.D. S.P. M. D. VI Additures Standard to Gove Parat Boyet, Son Constant During accord aparam
		Action taken Notes on	Cå AG's Reports
	(8)	Department	COMMERCIAL TAXES
		Paragraph	Trend of Receipts
<u></u>		Paragraph No.	3.2
1	<u> </u>	Report No. and Year	C& AG report ended 31.3.2012
	(a).	Date of receipt of the Draft	report ended 31.3.2012
1	- 11 -	Para/Review in the Department	
	(b)	Date of Department's Reply	
		Gist of Paragraph/Review	It was noticed in Audit that during 11-12, the department
			rate achieved during the
			previous year. Department may streamline it budgeting process
			to make the budget estimates realistic and significant variations were noticed
			persistently between budget estimates and actual receipts.
	Ē	with the facts and figures	Yes
	b)	f not, Please indicate areas of disagreement and also attach	
	1	upport	
	1	with the Audit conclusions?	
•	( B	reas of disagreement with	
	a	lso attach copies of relevant	
		(b) (c) (d) (a) (b) (b) (b) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c	<ul> <li>(b) Subject/Title of the Review Paragraph</li> <li>(c) Paragraph No.</li> <li>(d) Report No. and Year</li> <li>(a) Date of receipt of the Draft Para/Review in the Department</li> <li>(b) Date of Department's Reply</li> <li>Gist of Paragraph/Review</li> <li>Gist of Paragraph/Review</li> <li>(a) Does the Department agree with the facts and figures included in the paragraph?</li> <li>If not, Please indicate areas of</li> <li>(b) disagreement and also attach copies of relevant documents in support</li> <li>(a) Does the Department agree with the Audit conclusions?</li> </ul>

33

predict the climatic changes and production of commercial produces unforeseen aspects in the agricultural the difference. However the variation estimate and actual receipts has decr 13. The table below will illustrate between budget estimate and actual re to 12-13. AIT collection (Ra. in crores)	between budget eased during 12- year wise data
Year Budget estimate	Collection
2009-10 8.52	26.38
2010-11 12.00	45.28
2011-12 14.49	43.28
2012-13 15.98	19.28
(b) Recovery of overpayment pointed out by audit	
(c) Recovery of under assessment, short levy or other dues	
(d) Modification in the schemes and programmes including financing pattern	
(e) Review of similar cases/complete scheme/juoject in the light	
of findings of sample check by Audit findings of sample check by Audit	

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VI

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		Action taken Notes on	C& AG's Reports
	(a)		COMMERCIAL TAXES
 	(f)	Paragraph	Arrears in AIT assessment
<u></u>	10	Paragraph No.	3.3
	<u>(1)</u>	Report No. and Year	C& AG report ended 31.3.2012
Π	(R)	Date of receipt of the Draft Para/Review in the Department	
	E( b)	Date of Department's Reply	h
Ш		Gist of Paragraph/Review	As per department figures total assessment under AIT to be completed was 9807 nos. but
			no. of assessment completed is only 5067 nos. leaving a
			balance of 4740 nos. The percentage of AIT assessment completed was 51.67%.
V	(8)	Does the Department agree with the facts and figures included in the paragraph?	Уся
	(b)	If not, Please indicate areas of disagreement and also attach copies of relevant documents in support	
		Does the Department agree	
		with the Audit conclusions?	<b>4-</b>
-	(b)	If not, please indicate specific areas of disagreement with reasons for disagreement and	
	· · · [ ]	also attach copies of relevant documents where necessary	

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	<b>(A)</b>	Improvement in systemAccording to the AQ, assessment to be during 11-12 was 9807 nos. and that comp only 5067 nos. and percentage of achievement 51.57%. But the statistics from CCT reveal assessment to be completed was 7356, comp and balance to be completed 4723 nos. The form 09-10 to 12-13 is given below.All assessment				
			Year	To be	Completed	Balance
	1.			completed		
			09-10	9740	3426	6314
. 1	- 14 - 14		10-11	7249	2630	4619
			11-12	7356	2633	4723
			12-13	7455	2997	4458
	E .		l Dissortion -	in insured to the	e assessing offi	
<u> </u>	(b)	Recovery of overpayment	out the bala	nce pending as	e assessing on sessments by :	31.3.2014.
	(b) (c )	Recovery of overpayment pointed out by audit Recovery of under essessment, short levy or other dues	out the bala	nce pending as	sessments by :	31.3.2014.
		pointed out by audit Recovery of under assessment, short levy or	out the bala	nce pending as	sessments by :	cers to wipe 31.3.2014.
	(¢)	pointed out by audit Recovery of under essessment, short levy or other dues Modification in the schemes and programmes including financing pattern Review of similar	out the bala	nce pending as	sessments by :	cers to wipe 31.3.2014.
	(¢ ) (d)	pointed out by audit Recovery of under assessment; short levy or other dues Modification in the schemes and programmes including financing pattern Review of similar cases/complete	out the bala	nce pending as	sessments by :	cers to wipe 31.3.2014.
	(¢ ) (d)	pointed out by audit Recovery of under essessment, short levy or other dues Modification in the schemes and programmes including financing pattern Review of similar	out the bala	nce pending as	sesaments by :	cers to wipe 31.3.2014.

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Additional Secretary 10 Gove Tares Dept., Cast Secretaria Therewas

	(a)	Department	COMMERCIAL TAXES
	(b)		Impact of audit
	+	Paragraph	Revenue impact
	(c)	Paragrah No.	3.4
	(d)	Report No. and Year	C& AG report ended 31.3.2012
II	(a)	Date of receipt of the Draft Para/Review in the Department	
	(b)	Date of Department's Reply	
III		Gist of Paragraph/Review	During the last 4 years case of inadmissible expenses, income
			escaping assessment, incorrect computation of income, under
			assessment due to assignment of incorrect status etc. with revenue
			implication of Rs.54.99 crore in 208 paras were pointed out. Of
· · .			these, the department accepted audit observations involving Rs.1.52 crores and had since
1			recovered Rs.0.23 crores, the
	÷ .		recovery of case vis-à-vis the
v	(a)	Does the Department agree with the facts and figures included in the paragraph?	recovered Rs.0.23 crores. the recovery of case vis-à-vis the amount accepted was negligible. Yes
v	(a) (b)	Does the Department agree with the facts and figures included in the paragraph? If not, Please indicate areas of disagreement and also attach oopies of relevant documents in support	recovery of case vis-à-vis the amount accepted was negligible.
		the facts and figures included in the paragraph? If not, Please indicate areas of disagreement and also attach copics of relevant documents in	recovery of case vis-à-vis the amount accepted was negligible.
V 7	(b) (a)	the facts and figures included in the paragraph? If not, Please indicate areas of disagreement and also attach copics of relevant documents in support Does the Department agree with	recovery of case vis-à-vis the amount accepted was negligible.

# Action taken Notes on C& AG's Reports

(a)	Improvement in system and procedures, including internal controls.	Assessment has been revised in almost all cases where short-levy pointed out by the AG is sustaining. All the amounts pending for realization has been recommended for action under RR. Progress of collection under RR by the Revenue Department and IACs are reviewing every month. In the review held on 12.12.2013 at Aluva the Honble Finance Minister has categorically insisted for 50% collection on collectable demand by the end of March 2014. The position is that 37% of the collectable arrears under RR before the IACs could have been collected so far.
 (b)	Recovery of overpayment pointediout by audit	
(c )	Recovery of under assessment, short levy or other dies	
 (d)	Modification in the schemes and programmes including financing pattern	
(c)	Review of similar cases/complete scheme/project in the light of findings of sample check by Audit findings of sample check by Audit	

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`	(a)	Department	COMMERCIAL TAXES
	(b)	Subject/Title of the Review Paragraph	Working of Internal Audit Wing
	(c)	Paragraph No.	3.5
	(d)	Report No. and Year	
П.	(8)	Date of receipt of the Draft Para/Review in the Department	C& AG report ended 31.3.2012
	(b)	Date of Department's Reply	
ш		Gist of Paragraph/Review	As the department did not furnish detailed information on
			internal audit, audit was
i y			unable to comment on the performance of the internal
ÎV.	(a)	Does the Department agree with the facts and figures included in the paragraph?	unable to comment on the
	(a) (b)	Does the Department agree with the facts and figures included in the paragraph? If not, Please indicate areas of disagreement and also attach copies of relevant documents in support	unable to comment on the performance of the internal audit wing.
	(b) (a)	with the facts and figures included in the paragraph? If not, Please indicate areas of disagreement and also attach copies of relevant documents in support Does the Department serves	unable to comment on the performance of the 'internal audit wing.
/ /	(b) (a) (b)	with the facts and figures included in the paragraph? If not, Please indicate areas of disagreement and also attach copies of relevant documents in support	unable to comment on the performance of the internal audit wing.

Action taken Notes on C& AG's Reports

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	( <b>3</b> )	Improvement in system and procedures, including internal controls.	functioning w district level operation of a the headquart No. of insj units are very	audit wing ( .e.f. 1.6.2009. or in the re udit inspection sers at Thiruva pections condu y less. Detail e AIT offices ar	The IAN egional b a are bein nanthapu acted by a a of insp	W has no asis. T ng carried tram. the IAW i section fro	o office at he whole lout from in the AIT
•			Office	From -To	No. of paras	Settled	Balance
•			AIT & CTO Kalpetta	7.2.11 to 11.2.11	7 nos.	0	7 nos.
	(11)		IAC (AIT) Idukki	12.3.12 to 17.3.12	12 nos.	0	12 nos.
			AIT & CTO Kanjirappally	8.10.12 to 12.10.12	7 поз.	0	7 nos.
:				nal Audit win e audit inspect			
	()	Recovery of overpayment pointed out by audit		•			
	(¢)	Recovery of under assessment, short levy or other dues					
	(d)	Modification in the schemes and programmes including financing pattern		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			· · · ·
	(0)	Review of similar cases/complete scheme/project in the light				•	•
		of findings of sample check by Audit findings of sample check by Audit					

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· · · ·	- 17		
	·(8	a) Department	COMMERCIAL TAXES
<u> </u>			SOMMERCIAL TAXES
	(t	) Subject/Title of the Review	Percette C.
		Paragraph	Results of audit
	(c		3.6
	. (d	Report No. and Year	
П	(a	) Date of receipt of the Draft	C& AG report ended 31.3.2012
		Para/Review in the Department	
	(b)	Date of Department's Reply	·
III –			
		Gist of Paragraph/Review	In 2011-12 audit test checked
		Brahit/KCAJEW	records of 32 units relating to
			agricultural income tax Under
			assessment of tax and other
			urregularities involving Rs 24 os
	1	·] ee la fina fina de la fin e fina de la f	crores in 13 cases were noticed
-			in audit in income escaping
-			assessment incorrect
			computation of tax in
v	+		admissible expenses and others
	(a)	Does the Department agree	1
	1 ·	with the facts and figures	Yes
	<u> </u>	included in the paragraph?	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	ы	If not, Please indicate areas of	
-		disagreement and also attach	
		copies of relevant documents in support	
	(a)	Does the Department agree	
		with the Audit conclusions?	
	(b)	If not, please indicate specific	
		areas of disagreement with	
	I-	reasons for disagreement and	
	· [	also attach copies of relevant	
		documents where necessary	
		t t	

# Action taken Notes on C& AG's Reports

(a)	Improvement in system and procedures, including internal controls.	Observation of AG relates to the year 11-12. Short levy involved is Rs.24.98 crores in 13 cases. On this, observation of AG is sustaining in some cases and not sustaining in some other. With respect to the period 11-12 reports to the AG's observation will be submitted (paras 3.8.1 to 3.8.3) shortly.
(b)	Recovery of overpayment pointed out by audit	
(c )	Recovery of under assessment, short levy or other dues	• • •
 (d)	Modification in the schemes and programmes including financing pattern	
 (e)	Review of similar cases/complete scheme/project in the light of findings of sample check by Audit findings of sample check by Audit	

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	(a)	Department	COMMERCIAL TAXES
	(b)	Subject/Title of the Review Paragraph	Audit observations
	(C)	Paragraph No.	3.7
	(d)	Report No. and Year	
H	(a)	Date of receipt of the Draft Para/Review in the Department	C& AG report ended 31.3.2012
	(b)	Date of Department's Reply	
111		Gist of Paragraph/Review	There is need for the Govt. to improve the internal control system including strengthening of the internal audit.
IV	(a)	Does the Department agree with the facts and figures included in the paragraph?	Yes
	(b)	If not, Please indicate areas of disagreement and also attach copies of relevant documents in support	
V	(a)	Does the Department agree with the Audit conclusiona?	
	(b)	If not, please indicate specific areas of disagreement with reasons for disagreement and also attach copies of relevant	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		documents where necessary	

# Action taken Notes on C& AG's Reports

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(a)	Improvement in system and procedures, including internal controls.	The Govt. have decided in principle for the restoration of audit assessment wing with a view to strengthening the process of audit as there is limitation to extent the working of internal audit wing with the limited manpower now available. Further, as pointed out by the AG conducting audit and monitoring the progress achieved by the assessing officers spread across the state from the headquarters at Trivandrum is not feasible in the present scenario. Therefore, the department is looking forward for a complete restructuring of audit wing on regional basis.
(b)	Recovery of overpayment pointed out by audit	
(c )	Recovery of under assessment, short levy or other dues	
(d)	Modification in the schemes and programmes including financing pattern	
(e)	Review of similar cases/complete	
	scheme/project in the light of findings of sample check by Audit findings of sample check by Audit	

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	(a)	Demostra	<b>T</b>
-		Department	COMMERCIAL TAXES
	(b)	Subject/Title of the Review Paragraph	Non-observance of provision of
	(c)	Paragraph No.	Act /Rules 3.8
1	(d)	Report No. and Year	
n	(8)	Date of receipt of the Draft Para/Review in the Department	C& AG report ended.31.3.2012
	(b)	Date of Department's Reply	
ш		Gist of Paragraph/Review	It was noticed that while finalizing the assessment, the
	ŀ .		assessing authoritics did not observe some provisions which
			resulted in short levy of tax and
•			resulted in short levy of tax and
•			resulted in short levy of tax and interest of Rs.5.45 crores as mentioned in the paragraphs
īv	(a)	Does the Department agree	resulted in short levy of tax and interest of Rs.5.45 crores as
IV	(a)	Does the Department agree with the facts and figures included in the paragraph?	resulted in short levy of tax and interest of Rs.5.45 crores as mentioned in the paragraphs
[V	(a) (b)	with the facts and figures included in the paragraph? If not, Please indicate areas of	resulted in short levy of tax and interest of Rs.5.45 crores as mentioned in the paragraphs 3.8.1 to 3.8.3.
īv		with the facts and figures included in the paragraph?	resulted in short levy of tax and interest of Rs.5.45 crores as mentioned in the paragraphs 3.8.1 to 3.8.3.
		with the facts and figures included in the paragraph? If not, Please indicate areas of disagreement and also attach copies of relevant documents in support Does the Department agree	resulted in short levy of tax and interest of Rs.5.45 crores as mentioned in the paragraphs 3.8.1 to 3.8.3.
	(b)	with the facts and figures included in the paragraph? If not, Please indicate areas of disagreement and also attach copies of relevant documents in support Does the Department agree with the Audit conclusions? If not, please indicate specific	resulted in short levy of tax and interest of Rs.5.45 crores as mentioned in the paragraphs 3.8.1 to 3.8.3.
	(b) (a)	with the facts and figures included in the paragraph? If not, Please indicate areas of disagreement and also attach copies of relevant documents in support Does the Department agree with the Audit conclusions? If not, please indicate specific areas of disagreement with	resulted in short levy of tax and interest of Rs.5.45 crores as mentioned in the paragraphs 3.8.1 to 3.8.3.
v	(b) (a)	with the facts and figures included in the paragraph? If not, Please indicate areas of disagreement and also attach copies of relevant documents in support Does the Department agree with the Audit conclusions? If not, please indicate specific	resulted in short levy of tax and interest of Rs.5.45 crores as mentioned in the paragraphs 3.8.1 to 3.8.3.

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# Action taken Notes on C& AG's Reports

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	(a <u>)</u>	Improvement in system and procedures, including internal controls.	Findings of the AG is that most of the assessing authorities are not adhered to the directions of prescribed <u>tax rate on agricultural income</u> , <u>condition for deductions allowable and levy of</u> <u>interest on balance payable</u> . The observation of AG in paras 3.8.1 to 3.8.3 will be discussed separately.
• .	(Ъ)	Recovery of overpayment pointed out by audit	
	(c )	Recovery of under assessment, short levy or other dues	
	(d)	Modification in the schemes and programmes, including financing pattern	-
	(e)	Review of similar cases/complete scheme/project in the light of findings of sample check by Audit findings of sample check by Audit	

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1	(a)	Department	COMMERCIAL TAXES
•	(b)	Subject/Title of the Review Paragraph	Incorrect determination of taxable
	(c)	Paragraph No.	income 3.8.1
	(d)	Report No. and Year	C & AG report for the year ended 31.3.2012
11	(a)	Date of receipt of the Draft Para / Review in the Department	
	(b)	Date of Department's Reply	
-		Gist of Paragraph/Review	It was noticed from the assessment records of Kerala Forest Development Corporation Ltd. for the assessment year 2008-09 that as per balance sheet an amount of Rs. 3.64 crore received as subsidy by the assessee as a compensation for selling timber at reduced price was neither shown as income in the assessment return filed by the assessee nor was it assessed by the AIT officer though it was an agricultural income. The omission resulted in non levy of tax of Rs. 1.82 crore (IAC (AIT), Kottayam).
V.	(a)	Does the Department agree with the facts and figures included in the paragraph?	Yes
	(b)	If not, Please indicate areas of disagreement and also attach copies of relevant documents in support	
V	(a)	Does the Department agree with the Audit conclusions?	Yes
	(b)	If not, please indicate specific areas of disagreement with reasons for disagreement and also attach copies of relevant documents where necessary	NA

# ACTION TAKEN NOTES ON C & AG'S REPORTS

#### REMEDIAL ACTION TAKEN

VI	(a)	Improvement in system and procedures, including internal controls.	Kerala Forest Development Corporation (2008-09) On the basis of audit objection assessment has been completed incorporating other defects with an additional demand of Rs. 3.68crore.
	(b)	Recovery of overpayment pointed out by audit	
	(c)	Recovery of under assessment, short levy or other dues	
	(d)	Modification in the schemes and programmes including financing pattern	
	(e)	Review of similar cases / complete scheme / project in the light of findings of sample check by audit findings of sample check by audit.	-

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# ACTION TAKEN NOTES ON C & AG'S REPORTS

ΠĪ.	(a)	Department	S ON C & AG'S REPORTS
L			COMMERCIAL TAXES
ĺ –	(b)	Subject/Title of the Review	- TAKES
ŀ		Paragraph	Incorrect allowance of
	(c)	D	Incorrect allowance of expenses
		Paragraph No.	3.8.2(a)
	(d)	0	
i		Report No. and Year	C & AG report for the year ended
			31.3.2012
11	(a)	Date of receipt of the Draft Para /	
-		Review in the Department	
	(b)		
		Date of Department's Reply	
	1		It was noticed that while finalizing
	t		composition of a public sector
	-1		Company (Kerala Fores Development corporation Ltd.) for the assessment
111.	1	Gist of Paragraph/Devision	the accorporation Ltd.) for
		I an	
		Gist of Paragraph/Review	assessing officer attained the
			assessing officer allowed an amount of Rs. 3.04 cmrs being at
			assessing officer allowed an amount of Rs. 3.04 crore being the cost of failed plantations. This sector
			assessing officer allowed an amount of Rs. 3.04 crore being the cost of failed plantations. This resulted in escape of income of R. 2.04
			assessing officer allowed an amount of Rs. 3.04 cmrs being at
	(a)	Does the Department	assessing officer allowed an amount of Rs. 3.04 crore being the cost of failed plantations. This resulted in escape of income of R. 2.04
<b>v</b> .	(a)	Does the Department agree with	assessing officer allowed an amount of Rs. 3.04 crore being the cost of failed plantations. This resulted in escape of income of R. 2.04
V	(a)	Does the Department agree with the facts and figures included in the paragraph?	assessing officer allowed an amount of Rs. 3.04 crore being the cost of failed plantations. This resulted in escape of income of Rs. 3.04 core with tax effect of Rs. 1.52 crore.
v		Does the Department agree with the facts and figures included in the paragraph?	assessing officer allowed an amount of Rs. 3.04 crore being the cost of failed plantations. This resulted in escape of income of Rs. 3.04 core with tax effect of Rs. 1.52 crore.
v	(a) (b)	Does the Department agree with the facts and figures included in the paragraph? If not, Please indicate areas of disagreement and along at the	assessing officer allowed an amount of Rs. 3.04 crore being the cost of failed plantations. This resulted in escape of income of Rs. 3.04 core with tax effect of Rs. 1.52 crore. Yes
v		Does the Department agree with the facts and figures included in the paragraph? If not, Please indicate areas of disagreement and also attach copies of relevant documents in	assessing officer allowed an amount of Rs. 3.04 crore being the cost of failed plantations. This resulted in escape of income of Rs. 3.04 core with tax effect of Rs. 1.52 crore.
V		Does the Department agree with the facts and figures included in the paragraph? If not, Please indicate areas of disagreement and also attach copies of relevant documents in support	assessing officer allowed an amount of Rs. 3.04 crore being the cost of failed plantations. This resulted in escape of income of Rs. 3.04 core with tax effect of Rs. 1.52 crore. Yes
V		Does the Department agree with the facts and figures included in the paragraph? If not, Please indicate areas of disagreement and also attach copies of relevant documents in support	assessing officer allowed an amount of Rs. 3.04 crore being the cost of failed plantations. This resulted in escape of income of Rs. 3.04 core with tax effect of Rs. 1.52 crore. Yes
	(b)	Does the Department agree with the facts and figures included in the paragraph? If not, Please indicate areas of disagreement and also attach copies of relevant documents in support	Assessing officer allowed an amound of Rs. 3.04 crore being the cost of failed plantations. This resulted in escape of income of Rs. 3.04 core with tax effect of Rs. 1.52 crore. Yes
	(b)	Does the Department agree with the facts and figures included in the paragraph? If not, Please indicate areas of disagreement and also attach copies of relevant documents in support Does the Department agree with the Audit conclusions?	Assessing officer allowed an amount of Rs. 3.04 crore being the cost of failed plantations. This resulted in escape of income of Rs. 3.04 core with tax effect of Rs. 1.52 crore. Yes
	(b)	Does the Department agree with the facts and figures included in the paragraph? If not, Please indicate areas of disagreement and also attach copies of relevant documents in support Does the Department agree with the Audit conclusions?	Assessing officer allowed an amound of Rs. 3.04 crore being the cost of failed plantations. This resulted in escape of income of Rs. 3.04 core with tax effect of Rs. 1.52 crore. Yes
	(b) (a)	Does the Department agree with the facts and figures included in the paragraph? If not, Please indicate areas of disagreement and also attach copies of relevant documents in support Does the Department agree with the Audit conclusions? If not, please indicate specific areas of disagreement with reasons for disagreement with	Assessing officer allowed an amount of Rs. 3.04 crore being the cost of failed plantations. This resulted in escape of income of Rs. 3.04 core with tax effect of Rs. 1.52 crore. Yes
	(b) (a) (b)	Does the Department agree with the facts and figures included in the paragraph? If not, Please indicate areas of disagreement and also attach copies of relevant documents in support Does the Department agree with the Audit conclusions? If not, please indicate specific areas of disagreement with reasons for disagreement and N	Assessing officer allowed an amount of Rs. 3.04 crore being the cost of failed plantations. This resulted in escape of income of Rs. 3.04 core with tax effect of Rs. 1.52 crore. Yes
	(b) (a) (b)	Does the Department agree with the facts and figures included in the paragraph? If not, Please indicate areas of disagreement and also attach copies of relevant documents in support Does the Department agree with the Audit conclusions?	Assessing officer allowed an amount of Rs. 3.04 crore being the cost of failed plantations. This resulted in escape of income of Rs. 3.04 core with tax effect of Rs. 1.52 crore. Yes

VI	(a)	Improvement in system and procedures, including internal controls.		
<u> </u>	(b)	Recovery of overpayment pointed out by audit		
•	(c)	Recovery of under assessment, short levy or other dues		
	(d)	Modification in the schemes and programmes including financing pattern	<b>C</b>	
	(e)	Review of similar cases / complete scheme / project in the light of findings of sample check by audit findings of sample check by audit.		

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Ľ	(a)	Department	COMMERCIAL TAXES
	(b)	Subject/Title of the Review Paragraph	Incorrect allowance of expenses
	(c)	Paragraph No.	3.8.2(b)
	(d)	Report No. and Year	C & AG report for the year ended 31.3.2012
Ц	(a)	Date of receipt of the Draft Para / Review in the Department	
	(b)	Date of Department's Reply	
141		Gist of Paragraph/Review Does the Department agree with the	It was noticed that while finalizing the assessment of a public sector company (Kerala Forest Development corporation Ltd.) for the assessment year 2008-09 the assessing officer allowed prior period expenditure of Rs. 33.59 lakh being expenditure incurred by the assesse towards various expenditure during earlier years. This resulted in escape of income of Rs. 33.59 lakh with consequent tax effect of Rs. 16.80 lakh.
IV	(a)	facts and figures included in the paragraph?	Yes
	(b)	If not, Please indicate areas of disagreement and also attach copies of relevant documents in support	NA
V	(a)	Does the Department agree with the Audit conclusions?	Yes
	(b)	If not, please indicate specific areas of disagreement with reasons for disagreement and also attach copies of relevant documents where necessary	NA

## ACTION TAKEN NOTES ON C & AG'S REPORTS

#### REMEDIAL ACTION TAKEN

VI	(a)	Improvement in system and procedures, including internal controls.	Kerala Forest Development Corporation (2008-09) On the basis of audit objection assessment has been completed incorporating other defects with an additional demand of Rs. 3.68crore.
	(b)	Recovery of overpayment pointed out by audit	
	(c)	Recovery of under assessment, short levy or other dues	
	(d)	Modification in the schemes and programmes including financing pattern	
	(e)	Review of similar cases / complete scheme / project in the light of findings of sample check by audit findings of sample check by audit.	u

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11	(a)	Department	
F-		Department	COMMERCIAL TAXES
1	(b)	Subject/Title of the Review	
L		l Paragraph	3.8.3 Incorrect exemption of income led to income escaping assessment.
L	(c)	Paragraph No.	3.8.3.1
Ĺ	(d)	Report No. and Year	C & AG report for the year ended 31.3.2012
11	(a)	Date of receipt of the Draft Para / Review in the Department	a
	(b)	Date of Department's Reply	
			It was noticed that while finalising the provisional assessment of a domestic company (Harrison Malayalam Ltd.) for the years 2006-07 and 2007-08 assessing authority exempted the income of Rs. 1.45 Crore and Rs. 1.45
詌		Gist of Paragraph/Review	respectively by the company on account of lease rent ( licence for
• .			division and tea division instead of levying tax on the income received by the assessee. The omission to account the
			division and tea division instead of levying tax on the income received by the assessee. The omission to assess the aggregate income of Rs 0.92
<b>v</b>	(a)	Does the Department agree with the facts and figures included in the paragraph?	division and tea division instead of levying tax on the income received by the assessee. The omission to assess the aggregate income of Rs. 9.87 crore resulted on non-levy of tax of Rs. 1.44 crore.
v	(a) (b)	with the facts and factor	division and tea division instead of levying tax on the income received by the assessee. The omission to assess the aggregate income of Rs. 9.87 crore resulted on non-levy of tax of Rs. 1.44 crore.
V		with the facts and figures included in the paragraph? If not, Please indicate areas of disagreement and also attach copies of relevant documents in	division and tea division instead of levying tax on the income received by the assessee. The omission to assess the aggregate income of Rs. 9.87 crore resulted on non-levy of tax of Rs. 1.44 crore.

# ACTION TAKEN NOTES ON C & AG'S REPORTS

#### **REMEDIAL ACTION TAKEN**

		· · · · ·	
VI	(a)	Improvement in system and procedures, including internal controls.	M/s. Harrison Malayalam Ltd (2006-07 & 2007 08) IAC (AIT & CT), Mattancherry Notice U/Sec. 41(1) of KAIT Act 1991 has beer issued to the assessee M/s. Harrison Malayalam Ltd. for assessing the escaped turnover in respect of the lease rent received on agricultura land for the years 2006-07 and 2007-08. The Deputy Commissioner, Mattancherry reported that the company is running in a loss for the years from 1999-2000 till 2004-05 leaving a gross loss of Rs. 27.14 crores to be carried forwarded to the assessment years including 2006-07 to 2009-10. Therefore there is no revenue loss as pointed out in audit.
	(b)	Recovery of overpayment pointed out by audit	
	(c)	Recovery of under assessment, short levy or other dues	1
	(d)	Modification in the schemes and programmes including financing pattern	
	(e)	Review of similar cases / complete scheme / project in the light of findings of sample check by audit findings of sample check by audit.	<b>}</b> ••

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1	(a)	Department	COMMERCIAL TAXES
	(b)	Subject/Title of the Review Paragraph	3.8.3 Incorrect exemption of income led to income escaping assessment.
	(c)	Paragraph No.	3.8.3.2
	(d)	Report No. and Year	C & AG report for the year ended 31.3.2012
11	(a)	Date of receipt of the Draft Para / Review in the Department	
	(b)	Date of Department's Reply	
\$01		Gist of Paragraph/Review	It was noticed that while finalising the assessment of a public limited company (M/s. Kerala Forest Development Corporation Ltd.) in IAC, Kottayam, the assessing officer did not include forest development thariff of Rs. 66.58 lakh collected by the assessee in his income. This resulted in escape of income of Rs. 66.58 lakh with resultant short levy of tax of Rs. 33.29 lakh.
IÝ	(a)	Does the Department agree with the facts and figures included in the paragraph?	Yes
• ,	(b)	If not, Please indicate areas of disagreement and also attach copies of relevant documents in support	
V.	(a)	Does the Department agree with the Audit conclusions?	
	(b)	If not, please indicate specific areas of disagreement with reasons for disagreement and also attach copies of relevant documents where necessary	

### ACTION TAKEN NOTES ON C & AG'S REPORTS

#### REMEDIAL ACTION TAKEN

VI	(a)	Improvement in system and procedures, including internal controls.	Kerala Forest Development Corporation (2008-09) On the basis of audit objection assessment has been completed incorporating other defects with an additional demand of Rs. 3.68crore.
	(b)	Recovery of over payment pointed out by audit	
   	(c)	Recovery of under assessment, short levy or other dues	
	(d)	Modification in the schemes and programmes including financing pattern	· · · · ·
	(e)	Review of similar cases / complete scheme / project in the light of findings of sample check by audit findings of sample check by audit.	

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## ACTION TAKEN NOTES ON C & AG'S REPORTS

<b>1</b> 1	17.5		
Ľ	(a)	Department	COMMERCIAL TAXES
	(b)	Subject/Title of the Review Paragraph	3.8.3 Incorrect exemption of income led to income escaping assessment.
<b>.</b> ,	(c)	Paragraph No.	3.8.3.3
	(d)	Report No. and Year	C & AG report for the year ended 31.3.2012
11	(a)	Date of receipt of the Draft Para / Review in the Department	
	(b)	Date of Department's Reply	
ffi		Gist of Paragraph/Review	It was noticed that while finalising the assessment of a public limited company (M/s. Kerala Forest Development Corporation Ltd.) for the year 2008-09, the assessing officer allowed deduction of an amount of Rs. 34.35 lakh on account of property written off and shown as expenditure in the Profits & Loss Account. Since no agricultural income was derived from the property written off no deduction was admissible. The incorrect deduction resulted in escape of income of Rs. 34.35 lakh with short levy of tax of Rs. 17.17 lakh.
v	(a)	Does the Department agree with the facts and figures included in the paragraph?	Yes
	(b)	If not, Please indicate areas of disagreement and also attach copies of relevant documents in support	NA
	(a)	Does the Department agree with the Audit conclusions?	Yes
	(b)	If not, please indicate specific areas of disagreement with reasons for disagreement and also attach copies of relevant documents where necessary.	NA

		REMEDIAL	ACTION TAKEN
VI	(a)	Improvement in system and procedures, including internal controls.	Kerala Forest Development Corporation (2008-09) On the basis of audit objection assessment has been completed incorporating other defects with an additional demand of Rs. 3.68crore.
	(b)	Recovery of overpayment pointed out by audit	
	(c)	Recovery of under assessment, short levy or other dues	
	(d)	Modification in the schemes and programmes including financing pattern	
	(e)	Review of similar cases / complete scheme / project in the light of findings of sample check by audit findings of sample check by audit.	-

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1	(a)	Department	COMMERCIAL TAXES
	(b)	Subject/Title of the Review Paragraph	3.8.3 Incorrect exemption of income led to income escaping assessment.
	(C)	Paragraph No.	3.8.3.3
	(d)	Report No. and Year	C & AG report for the year ended 31.3.2012
lt :	(a)	Date of receipt of the Draft Para / Review in the Department	
	(b)	Date of Department's Reply	
		Gist of Paragraph/Review	It was noticed that while finalising the assessment of a public limited company (M/s. Kerala Forest Development Corporation Ltd.) for the year 2008-09, the assessing officer allowed deduction of an amount of Rs. 34.35 lakh on account of property written off and shown as expenditure in the Profits & Loss Account. Since no agricultural income was derived from the property written off no deduction was admissible. The incorrect deduction resulted in escape of income of Rs. 34.35 lakh with short levy of tax of Rs. 17.17
			lakh.
IV .	(a)	Does the Department agree with the facts and figures included in the paragraph?	Ýes
	{b)	If not, Please indicate areas of disagreement and also attach copies of relevant documents in support	ŇĂ
V	(a)	Does the Department agree with the Audit conclusions?	Yes
	(b)	If not, please indicate specific areas of disagreement with reasons for disagreement and also attach copies of relevant documents where necessary	NA

### ACTION TAKEN NOTES ON C & AG'S REPORT

### REMEDIAL ACTION TAKEN

VI	(a)	Improvement in system and procedures, including internal controls.	On the basis of audit objection assessment has been completed incorporating other defects with an additional demand of Rs. 3.68crore.
	(b)	Recovery of overpayment pointed out by audit	
	(c)	Recovery of under assessment, short levy or other dues	
	(d)	Modification in the schemes and programmes including financing pattern	
	(e)	Review tof similar cases / complete scheme / project in the light of findings of sample check by audit findings of sample check by audit.	

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## STATEMENT OF REMEDIAL MEASURES TAKEN ON THE REPORT OF THE COMPTROLLER AND AUDITOR GENERAL OF INDIA FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31.03.2012 (RR)

1.	a	Name of the Department	
		1	REGISTRATION
	- <b>b</b> )		337
		Review/ Paragraph	Working of Internal Audit Wing
<u> </u>	+		
	( c)	Paragraph Number	Para. 4.5
	<u> </u>	10	
1		Report No /Year	Report of The Comptroller And Auditor General of
	4		India for the Year Ended 31.03.2012 (RR)
П	a)	Date of receipt of the Draft	
ί.		Para	Recommendation through C&AG Report- 2012
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·		
	b)	Date of Department Reply	
	+		NA
ш		Gist of Paragraph	
			Para A & Internet C
			Para 4.5: Inspector General of Registration (IGR), Kerala
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	1.		
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	· · ·	•	
	1		2012, IAW audited 256 units out of 312 units planned for
,	ľ		audit.
		1	
			TA to an in the second s
			It is recommended that the IAW may be strengthened by
			by preparing an Internal Audit Manual.
IV	a)	Does the Department agree	Yes
. I		the fact and figures	1 60
		included in the paragraph	
!		and the paragraph	
	b)	If not please indicate the	NA
	- 1	areas of disagreement	NA
V	a)	Does the Department agree	
ŀ	~	with the And's O	Partially
1	[	with the Audit Conclusion	
	b)	If not places !- 4!	
ľ	~	If not please indicate the	The audit teams constituted in District Registrar Offices are
	1 1	areas of disagreement	
÷ [			
·			regarding the aspects of audit only, for those who were

YI       Remedial Action taken         VI       Remedial Action taken         YI       Remedial Action taken         1. In order to strengthen the internal audit, utmost care has been against and programmes (3 Days - 30 Employees) related to Act and Rules which also include and the strengthen the internal audit, utmost care has been taken by deploying experienced and senior hands in programmes (3 Days - 30 Employees) related to Act and Rules have been given by the are engaged in audit and other Works, through IMG-TVM         2. During 2012-2013, under STP Scheme, 18 training programmes (3 Days - 30 Employees) related to Act and Rules have been given by the raises or staff, through IMG-TVM         3. During 2012-2013, under STP Scheme, 18 training programmes (3 Days - 30 Employees) related to Act and Rules have been given to various cadres of staff, through IMG-TVM         4. Under ITP Scheme 11 training to 330 Employees) were also organized during 2013-2012, related to Act and Rules have been given to training to 340 Employees) were also organized during 2013-2012, related to Act and Rules have been given to training to 5340 Employees) related to Act and Rules have been given to training to 5340 Employees) were also organized during 2013-2012, related to Act and Rules have been given to training to 330 Employees) were also organized during 2013-2013, related to Act and Rules have been given to training to 330 Employees) were also organized during 2014 Rule and KKD.         4. Under ITP Scheme 11 training programmes (3-5 Days 30 Employees) trained to Act and Rule through IMG-TVM.         5. By accepting the views and recommendation readered by the C & AC through the above para i be organized during 2012-2013, related to Act and Rule through IMG-TVM. </th <th></th> <th>• .</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>		• .			
YI       Remedial Action taken         VI       Remedial Action taken         YI       Remedial Action taken         1. In order to strengthen the internal audit, utmost care has been against and programmes (3 Days - 30 Employees) related to Act and Rules which also include and the strengthen the internal audit, utmost care has been taken by deploying experienced and senior hands in programmes (3 Days - 30 Employees) related to Act and Rules have been given by the are engaged in audit and other Works, through IMG-TVM         2. During 2012-2013, under STP Scheme, 18 training programmes (3 Days - 30 Employees) related to Act and Rules have been given by the raises or staff, through IMG-TVM         3. During 2012-2013, under STP Scheme, 18 training programmes (3 Days - 30 Employees) related to Act and Rules have been given to various cadres of staff, through IMG-TVM         4. Under ITP Scheme 11 training to 330 Employees) were also organized during 2013-2012, related to Act and Rules have been given to training to 340 Employees) were also organized during 2013-2012, related to Act and Rules have been given to training to 5340 Employees) related to Act and Rules have been given to training to 5340 Employees) were also organized during 2013-2012, related to Act and Rules have been given to training to 330 Employees) were also organized during 2013-2013, related to Act and Rules have been given to training to 330 Employees) were also organized during 2014 Rule and KKD.         4. Under ITP Scheme 11 training programmes (3-5 Days 30 Employees) trained to Act and Rule through IMG-TVM.         5. By accepting the views and recommendation readered by the C & AC through the above para i be organized during 2012-2013, related to Act and Rule through IMG-TVM. </th <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>					
intervals based on scheduled time table throughout a calendar year.         At present the District Registrars are following the Kerala Registration Manual Orders 702-764 for conducting Inspection/Audit. Duties of Registrate and Camp Cireks, inspection/Audit. Duties of Registrate in the Kerala Registration Manual order and Ghal order has been given by the concerned zonal Deputy Inspector General of Registration.         VI       Remedial Action taken         1. In order to strengthen the internal audit, utmost care base been taken by deploying experienced and senior hands in District Registration (Audit) Offices during transfer and posting.         2. During 2011-2012, under STT Science. 7 training trogrammes (3 Days - 30 Employees) related to Act and Rules have been given to various cadres of staff, those who are engaged in audit and other works, through IMO - TVM, EKM and KKD. Under ITP Scheme, 18 training programmes (3 Days - 30 Employees) - training to 544 Employees)) related to Act and Rules through IMO - TVM, EKM and KKD. Under ITP Scheme, 18 training programmes (3 Days - 30 Employees) - training to 544 Employees)) related to Act and Rules through IMO - TVM, EKM and KKD.         3. During 2012-2013, under STP Scheme, 18 training programmes (3 Days - 30 Employees) - training to 544 Employees)) related to Act and Rules have been given to various cadres of staff, through IMO - TVM, EKM and KKD.         4. Under ITP Scheme 11 training programmes (3-5 Days - 30 Employees- training to 330 Employees) were also organized to Act and Rule through IMG-TVM.         5. By accepting the views and recommendation readered by the C & AC through the above para if good spirit, the Registration Department is on the way of good spirit, the Registration Departmenent is on the way in good spirit, the Registrat					posted in District Registrar (Audit) offices do not seem to be fruitful to a higher extent. So Registration Department is giving training to all classes of staff related to the Act and
Registration Manual Orders 702-764 for .conducting Inspection/Audit. Duties of Registrar and Camp Clerks, inspection/Audit. Duties of Registrar and Camp Clerks, inspection/audit procedures regarding Registers, Indexes, Account books etc. are well demarated in the Kerala Registration Manual order and final order has been given by the concerned zonal Deputy Inspector General of Registration.         VI       Remedial Action taken         1. In order to strengthen the internal audit, utmost care has been taken by deploying experienced and senior hands in District Registrar (Audit) Offices during transfer and posting.         2. During 2011-2012, under STF Scheme, 7 training programmes (3 Days - 30 Employees) related to Act and Rules have been given to various cadres of staff, those who are engaged in audit and other works, through IMC - TVM, EKM and KKD: Under ITP Scheme, 8 training programmes were also organized during 2011-2012, related to Act and Rules through IMG-TVM         3. During 2012-2013, under STF Scheme, 18 training programmes (3 Days - 30 Employees) - training to 540 Employees)) related to Act and Rules have been given to various cadres of staff, through IMG-TVM         4. Under ITP Scheme 11 training programmes (3-5 Days 30 Employees) training to 330 Employees) were also organized during 2012-2013, related to Act and Rule through IMG-TVM.         5. By accepting the views and recommendation reedered by the C & AG through the above para in good spirit, the Registration Department is on the wat good spirit, the Registration Department is on the wat					intervals based on scheduled time table throughout a calendar
<ul> <li>Account books etc are well demarcated in the Kerala Registration Manual order and final order has been given by the concerned zonal Deputy Inspector General of Registration.</li> <li>VI Remedial Action taken <ol> <li>In order to strengthen the internal audit, utmost care has been taken by deploying experienced and senior hands in Districe Registra (Audit) Offices during transfer and posting.</li> <li>During 2011-2012, under STT Scheme, 7 unining programmes (3 Days - 30 Employees) related to Act and Rules have been given to various cadres of staff, those who are engaged in audit and other works, through IMG - TVM, EKM and KKD. Under ITP Scheme, 8 training programmes (3 Days - 30 Employees) - training to 5012 related to Act and Rules have been given to various cadres of staff, those who are engaged in audit and other works, through IMG - TVM, EKM and KKD. Under ITP Scheme, 18 training programmes (3 Days - 30 Employees) - training to 500 Cm - TVM, EKM and KKD. Under ITP Scheme, 18 training to 300 Employees) related to Act and Rules have been given to various cadres of staff, through IMG - TVM, EKM and KKD.</li> </ol> </li> <li>4. Under ITP Scheme 11 training programmes (3-5 Days 30 Employees) related to Act and Rules have been given to various cadres of staff, through IMG - TVM, EKM and KKD.</li> <li>5. By accepting the views and recommendation reedered by the C &amp; AG through the above para it good spirit, the Registration Department is on the war is not the war in the tot of the C &amp; AG through the above para it is post spirit, the Registration to above para it is on the war is posting.</li> </ul>			С. M		Registration Manual Orders 702-764 for conducting Inspection/Audit. Duties of Registrar and Camp Clerks,
<ul> <li>VI Remedial Action taken</li> <li>1. In order to strengthen the internal audit, utmost care has been taken by deploying experienced and senior hands in District Registrar (Audit) Offices during transfer and posting.</li> <li>2. During 2011-2012, under STT Scheme. 7 unining programmes (3 Days - 30 Employees) related to Act and Rules have been given to various cadres of staff, those who are engaged in audit and other works, through IMO - TVM, EKM and KKD. Under ITP Scheme, 8 training programmes were also organized during 2011-2012, related to Act and Rules have been given to various cadres of staff, those who are engaged in audit and other works, through IMO - TVM, EKM and KKD. Under ITP Scheme, 18 training programmes (3 Days - 30 Employees - training to 540 Employees)) related to Act and Rules have been given to various cadres of staff, through IMG - TVM, EKM and KKD.</li> <li>4. Under ITP Scheme 11 training programmes (3-5 Days - 30 Employees) were also organized during 2012-2013, related to Act and Rules through IMG-TVM.</li> <li>5. By accepting the views and recommendation reedered by the C &amp; AG through the above para in good spirit, the Registration Department is on the war out spirit, the Registration Department is on the war in the staff.</li> </ul>					Account books etc are well demarcated in the Kerala Registration Manual order and final order has been given by the concerned zonal Deputy Inspector General of
<ol> <li>In order to strengthen the internal audit, utmost care has been taken by deploying experienced and senior hands in District Registrar (Audit) Offices during transfer and posting.</li> <li>During 2011-2012, under STF Scheme, 2 number of the programmes (3 Days - 30 Employees) related to Act and Rules have been given to various cadres of staff, those who are engaged in audit and other works, through IMG - TVM, EKM and KKD. Under ITP Scheme, 8 training programmes were also organized during 2011-2012, related to Act and Rules through IMG-TVM</li> <li>During 2012-2013, under STP Scheme, 18 training programmes (3 Days - 30 Employees) related to 540 Employees) related to Act and Rules have been given to various cadres of staff, through IMG - TVM, EKM and KKD.</li> <li>Under ITP Scheme 11 training programmes (3-5 Days 30 Employees) were also organized during 2012-2013, related to Act and Rules have been given to various cadres of staff, through IMG - TVM, EKM and KKD.</li> <li>Under ITP Scheme 11 training programmes (3-5 Days 30 Employees) training to 330 Employees) were also organized during 2012-2013, related to Act and Rules through IMG - TVM, EKM and KKD.</li> <li>Under ITP Scheme 11 training programmes (3-5 Days 30 Employees) training to 330 Employees) were also organized during 2012-2013, related to Act and Rules through IMG-TVM.</li> </ol>	•				Kégistration.
<ul> <li>been taken by deploying experienced and senior hands in District Registrar (Audit) Offices during transfer and posting.</li> <li>2. During 2011-2012, under STE Scheme. 9 training programmes (3 Days - 30 Employees) related to Act and Rules have been given to various cadres of staff, those who are engaged in audit and other works, through IMG - TVM, EKM and KKD. Under ITP Scheme, 8 training programmes were also organized during 2011-2012, related to Act and Rules through IMG-TVM</li> <li>3. During 2012-2013, under STP Scheme, 18 training programmes (3 Days - 30 Employees - training to 540 Employees)) related to Act and Rules have been given to various cadres of staff, through IMG - TVM, EKM and KKD.</li> <li>4. Under ITP Scheme 11 training programmes (3-5 Days 30 Employees training to 330 Employees) were also organized during 2012-2013, related to Act and Rules through IMG - TVM, EKM and KKD.</li> <li>5. By accepting the views and recommendatiom rendered by the C &amp; AG through the above para in good spirit, the Registration Department is on the way</li> </ul>		VI	· .	Remedial Action taken	
<ol> <li>During 2011-2012, under STE Scheme, 9 training programmes (3 Days - 30 Employees) related to Act and Rules have been given to various cadres of staff, those who are engaged in audit and other works, through IMG - TVM, EKM and KKD. Under ITP Scheme, 8 training programmes were also organized during 2011-2012, related to Act and Rules through IMG-TVM</li> <li>During 2012-2013, under STP Scheme, 18 training programmes (3 Days - 30 Employees) related to Act and Rules have been given to various cadres of staff, through IMG - TVM, EKM and KKD.</li> <li>Under ITP Scheme 11 training programmes (3-5 Days 30 Employees) training to 330 Employees) were also organized during 2012-2013, related to Act and Rules through IMG - TVM, EKM and KKD.</li> <li>Under ITP Scheme 11 training programmes (3-5 Days 30 Employees- training to 330 Employees) were also organized during 2012-2013, related to Act and Rules through IMG-TVM.</li> <li>By accepting the views and recommendational rendered by the C &amp; AG- through the above para in good spirit, the Registration Department is on the way</li> </ol>					1. In order to strengthen the internal audit, utmost care has been taken by deploying experienced and senior hands in District Registrar (Audit) Offices during transfer and
<ul> <li>programmes (3 Days - 30 Employees) related to Act and Rules have been given to various cadres of staff, those who are engaged in audit and other works, through IMG - TVM, EKM and KKD. Under ITP Scheme, 8 training programmes were also organized during 2011-2012, related to Act and Rules through IMG-TVM</li> <li>3. During 2012-2013, under STP Scheme, 18 training programmes (3 Days - 30 Employees - training to 540 Employees)) related to Act and Rules have been given to various cadres of staff, through IMG - TVM, EKM and KKD.</li> <li>4. Under ITP Scheme 11 training programmes (3-5 Days 30 Employees- training to 330 Employees) were also organized during 2012-2013, related to Act and Rules through IMG-TVM.</li> <li>5. By accepting the views and recommendational rendered by the C &amp; AG through the above para in good spirit, the Registration Department is on the way</li> </ul>		· ·			posung.
<ul> <li>programmes (3 Days - 30 Employees) related to Act and Rules have been given to various cadres of staff, those who are engaged in audit and other works, through IMG - TVM, EKM and KKD. Under ITP Scheme, 8 training programmes were also organized during 2011-2012, related to Act and Rules through IMG-TVM</li> <li>3. During 2012-2013, under STP Scheme, 18 training programmes (3 Days - 30 Employees - training to 540 Employees)) related to Act and Rules have been given to various cadres of staff, through IMG - TVM, EKM and KKD.</li> <li>4. Under ITP Scheme 11 training programmes (3-5 Days 30 Employees- training to 330 Employees) were also organized during 2012-2013, related to Act and Rules through IMG-TVM.</li> <li>5. By accepting the views and recommendational rendered by the C &amp; AG through the above para in good spirit, the Registration Department is on the way</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li>who are engaged in audit and other works, through IMG - TVM, EKM and KKD. Under ITP Scheme, 8 training programmes were also organized during 2011-2012, related to Act and Rules through IMG-TVM</li> <li>3. During 2012-2013, under STP Scheme, 18 training programmes (3 Days - 30 Employees - training to 540 Employees)) related to Act and Rules have been given to various cadres of staff, through IMG - TVM, EKM and KKD.</li> <li>4. Under ITP Scheme 11 training programmes (3-5 Days 30 Employees- training to 330 Employees) were also organized during 2012-2013, related to Act and Rules through IMG - TVM, EKM and KKD.</li> <li>5. By accepting the views and recommendational readered by the C &amp; AG through the above para in good spirit, the Registration Department is on the way</li> </ul>		1 .	1		2: Buring 2011-2012, under STF Scheme, 9 maining programmes (3 Days - 30 Employees) related to Act and
<ul> <li>related to Act and Rules through IMG-TVM</li> <li>3. During 2012-2013, under STP Scheme, 18 training programmes (3 Days - 30 Employees - training to 540 Employees)) related to Act and Rules have been given to various cadres of staff, through IMG - TVM, EKM and KKD.</li> <li>4. Under ITP Scheme 11 training programmes (3-5 Days 30 Employees- training to 330 Employees) were also organized during 2012-2013, related to Act and Rules through IMG-TVM.</li> <li>5. By accepting the views and recommendation readered by the C &amp; AG through the above para in good spirit, the Registration Department is on the way</li> </ul>					who are engaged in audit and other works, through IMG - TVM, EKM and KKD. Under ITP Scheme, 8 training
<ul> <li>programmes (3 Days - 30 Employees - training to 540 Employees)) related to Act and Rules have been given to various cadres of staff, through IMG - TVM, EKM and KKD.</li> <li>4. Under ITP Scheme 11 training programmes (3-5 Days 30 Employees- training to 330 Employees) were also organized during 2012-2013, related to Act and Rules through IMG-TVM.</li> <li>5. By accepting the views and recommendation readered by the C &amp; AG through the above para in good spirit, the Registration Department is on the way</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li>programmes (3 Days - 30 Employees - training to 540 Employees)) related to Act and Rules have been given to various cadres of staff, through IMG - TVM, EKM and KKD.</li> <li>4. Under ITP Scheme 11 training programmes (3-5 Days 30 Employees- training to 330 Employees) were also organized during 2012-2013, related to Act and Rules through IMG-TVM.</li> <li>5. By accepting the views and recommendation readered by the C &amp; AG through the above para in good spirit, the Registration Department is on the way</li> </ul>					2 During 2012 2013 under STD Scheme 18 training
<ul> <li>KKD.</li> <li>4. Under ITP Scheme 11 training programmes (3-5 Days 30 Employees- training to 330 Employees) were also organized during 2012-2013, related to Act and Rules through IMG-TVM.</li> <li>5. By accepting the views and recommendation rendered by the C &amp; AG through the above para in good spirit, the Registration Department is on the way</li> </ul>					programmes (3 Days - 30 Employees - training to 540 Employees)) related to Act and Rules have been given to
30 Employees- training to 330 Employees) were also organized during 2012-2013, related to Act and Rules through IMG-TVM. 5. By accepting the views and recommendation rendered by the C & AG through the above para in good spirit, the Registration Department is on the way	•				
30 Employees- training to 330 Employees) were also organized during 2012-2013, related to Act and Rules through IMG-TVM. 5. By accepting the views and recommendation rendered by the C & AG through the above para in good spirit, the Registration Department is on the way		1.	1 .		
through IMG-TVM. 5. By accepting the views and recommendation rendered by the C & AG through the above para in good spirit, the Registration Department is on the way	<u>.</u>				4. Under ITP Scheme 11 training programmes (3-5 Days 30 Employees- training to 330 Employees) were also organized during 2012-2013, related to Act and Rules
rendered by the C & AG through the above pars in good spirit, the Registration Department is on the way					
rendered by the C & AG through the above pars in good spirit, the Registration Department is on the way	- 		1		
good spirit, the Registration Department is on the way for the preparation of Internal Audit Manual by					5. By accepting the views and recommendations rendered by the C & AG through the above pars in
	•				good spirit, the Registration Department is on the way for the preparation of Internal Audit Manual by

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			1 · · · · ·	combining the instructions contained in the Internal Andit Manual of Viscous Contained in the Internal
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1	1		. · ·	instructions contained in the Kerala Registration
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				Manual Orders, it is also proposed to constitute a
. [	· 1			committee in this also proposed to constitute a
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	Í			Registration Department.
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1	- I -	a)	Name of the Department	
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1		b) [	Subject/Title of the	49 No.
1		1	Review/ Paragraph	4.8 - Non-compliance of provisions of Act/Rules
1 1		1	to to at a sagiapat	
<u> </u>				
1	(	c)	Paragraph Number	
1	1	3 I.		Para. 4.8.1
Í	·	- 1		
1		· · [		Splitting up of land to evade SD and RF
<u> </u>	-+-			whor men to evade SD and RF
J .	. C	1)	Report No /Year	
Γ	.	1 I		Report of The Comptroller And Auditor General of
l .				India for the Year Ended 31.03.2012 (RR)
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· II	a	a Li	Date of receipt of the Draft	
	-		Note	02.03.2012
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				DO.No. SRA (HQ) V/22-1283/2011-2012
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	Ь	y [1	Date of Department Reply	76.02.00.0
		· •		31.03.2012
III	1	7	list of D	
		Y	Jist of Paragraph	
	1.			Pare 4 9 to CDO ADCD AT
		-	and the second	Para 4.8.1: SRO AMBALAPUZHA:
	1 -	1		
	1	1		It was noticed (November 2011) from the "Register of Non-
		-		The register of Non-
	1	1		
	1	ſ	· · · · · ·	that 272.1 Ares of land was transferred by the same person through two sale deads
	4			
	1			
	1			40.47 Ares and 231 63 Anon ment on the same day by which
	1	[		40.47 Ares and 231.63 Ares were sold for Rs.1 crore each.
	1	1		
· .		i		major portion of land was without road facility and it was
	1			peristand at a line was without road facility and it was
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	1	ł		
1	L	1	• •	suspected case of undervaluation to the Registrar for
	F ·			
	· ·	1		resulted in undervaluation of the manual days
	[			resulted in undervaluation of the second document to the tune $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$
10.0	[			VI No. 9. / 2 CTOPE and contenduces short I A.
		11		Duty and Registration Fee of Rs. 56.68 lakh.
		E		0.00 Iaka.
1	1	1		The matter was pointed out to the Department
	4	1	1	(November 2011) and reported to Construct
· 1		ŀ	1	
25		1	. 1	(February), their reply has not have more than and the
				(February), their reply has not been received (December 2012)
IV	<b>a</b> )	D	the Aline The	
- 1	-/	17		No
<u> </u>		the	fact and figures	
		-		

-	· ·	included in the paragraph	Γ	
	b)	If not please indicate the areas of disagreement	1.	Detailed examination of the two documents und
	· ·	areas of disagreement		remark, reveals that the vendors are same but the purchasor, Sri. Muralidharan Nair purchased the tw
Т. н		. ·	l .	properties on behalf of the representative capacity
				Managing Director of two different companies registered
	<b>.</b>		ſ	under the Indian Companies Act 1956 The proper
				mentioned in the document 410/2009 was purchased for
•		10		"Craberry Properties Pvt Ltd" with the registration
			12	number 70100 KL2008 PTCO 23435 and the 2
	· .	•		property mentioned in the document numbered 411/200
				was purchased for "Lilly Properties Pvt Ltd" with the
				registration number U70100 KL 2008 PTCU 2344 under Companies Act.
				univer companies Act.
			· ·	
			~	On the inclusion of the second s
,			۷.	So it is obvious that the representative is one but the
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	с. <sup>1</sup> .	purchaser in fact is different companies. So it difficult to assume and admit that the splitting up of
- 1 A				properties into two was done deliberately by th
				parties to evade stamp duty. So the department is also
	•			not in a position to stick on the assumption that the
				exist an inherent intension between the parties to evad
				stamp duty by splitting up of properties one with ma
ſ				access and other without road access.
: 1	. 1			
			·	
	·		3.	It is clear from the recitals that the consideration i
	÷			paid from the account of the company and the
				properties were conveyed in favour of differen
		4		companies.
	• • •		•	
. [			4.	There is no provision in the Kerala Stamp Act or the law
1	. 1			made there under to determine the value of the property
		• •		based on the value of the other adjacent properties ever
	ł			if they were in the same survey numbers. Commercial
.	.			based on the transaction value of a niece of land with
		· · · ·		that of adjacent land is not legal and correct in the
	· 1.		1	absence of Fair value. A Sub Registrar is no
		•		empowered to interfere in a property transaction and to increase or decrease the actual transaction value of a
	· 1	•	1	property.
		and the second		
			<b>5</b> .	Since the Fair value was not prevalent in the state
.			. 1	undervaluation cases were increasing enormously. So the
	·· [			repartment was forced to introduce Guideline value.
·	1		. <b>1</b>	alternate arrangement for preventing the loss of revenue
			1	through undervaluation. Instructions were issued to
		<u> </u>		subordinate officers not to refer documents registered

			with higher value than the Guide line value, for
			undervaluation It is a discussion of the value, for
	· ·	1.	undervaluation. It is seen that the value shown in the
2 C	1		documents is higher than the Guide line value,
	1	• · ·	
	· ·		6. The Guide line units for the state
•	1		6. The Guide line value for residential plot with
	1 .		I Corporation road access in Purakkad village, Ward VI
			IS KS. 42.500/- per Ave for maintenant inter
•	Ŧ ·		with private road access is Rs. 22,500/- per Are and fo
	1.1		the plot with out access is NS. 22, 3007 - per Are and to
	1 .		the plot without road access is Rs. 15,000/- per Are
	1.		1 Flere in the document 410/2009 narry set forth De
	·		2,47,100/- per Are and in 411/2009 party set forth Rs.
	1	] .	43,172/- per Are. Hence the document 411/2009 was
			not most of f
	· ·	· · ·	not reported for under valuation by the registering
v	tas	D	OINCET.
v	<b>a</b> )	Does the Department agree	No
	<b>.</b>	with the Audit Conclusion	
,		and the tradit conclusion	
	5	The set of	
	<b>b</b> )	If not please indicate the	1. Since the Fair value was not prevalent in the state, there
		areas of disagreement	was no other option in front of the registering officer, but
· .			to accent the desume of the registering officer, but
		$p = \frac{1}{2}$	to accept the document for registration. He is not liable
			in take into account the market value or to refuce the
		. در	document based on this regard.
			the second second
	1 1		
~	1		2. It may kindly be noted that the Fair value fixed by the
			Community be noted that the Fair value fixed by the
			Government and came to force on 01.04.2010 (i.e. after
			1 year of the audit remark) to the Survey number 250 of
·		and the second	Purakkad village is only Rs. 90,000/- per Are for
			Residential plot with Ca-A4 / D
			Residential plot with Corp/Mun/ Panchayath road
. 1	1 · 1		access, this value is remarkably low when compared
1			with the value set forth in the document numbered
1			410/2009 by which the audit team taken as yardstick to
1	1		compose the design and and maken as yardstick to
	1		compare the document 411/2009. Here the party set forth
1		1	NS. 2.47, 100/- Der Are and an extra amount of
	· L		Rs. 63.57.700/- in the document 410/2009.
- s - 1	F	· .	
1			
	1	•	
VI	·····	Remodial 4 idland i	
<b>*</b> 1		Remedial Action taken	
[		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
1	1	• • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1. The department has already taken effective steps with
. 1	1		the co-ordination of Revenue deservery
1			
			implementing Fair value in the state As a negative Fair
	f		value of land was fixed by the respective RDO's
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	subject to the pulse stimulated to the respective KDU's
			subject to the rules stipulated in the Kerala Stamp
ł	1		(Fixation of Fair value of Land) Rules, 1995 and mos
	1		Implemented in the state on 66.03 2016 through average
			ordinary Gazette notification numbered 515 (1) to
			(21).
1			(**).
I.	.		
j.	ľ	· · · ·	2 Emm. 01.04.0010
			2. From 01.04.2010 onwards documents are being

_				
_		1		
1				registered in the State in accordance with the Fair value
			•	and such types of transaction/remarks has not been
				pointed out by the Accountant General for the past three
				pointed out by the Accountant General for the past three
-				years after the implementation of Fair Value.
		1.		
1				and the second
			· ·	3. Furthermore provisions were already included in the
F		1.1		Schedule to Stamp Act 1959 in Article 21 and 22,
			1	through Finance Bill-2013, to restrict subsequent
	1	ι,		conveyance transactions in respect of the whole or
				conveyance transactions in respect of the whole of
				portion of the property involved in the previous
1.	. 1			conveyance within a period of three months from the
ł				date of registration of previous documents, by imposing
		1°., •		higher SD of two times higher than previous transaction
				and one and half times higher SD for subsequent
				transaction with in a period of six months from the date
	1	ł		unicaction with m a period of six months from the date
1		1 · ·		of registration of previous documents.
		-		
				It is also informed that the Government have
	1			furnished reply to this draft para as per Letter
1		· ·	· · ·	No. 5267/E3/2012/T.D. dated 10/09/2012
1.	ч.,		1	
1	1		tatus i	Considering the above facts, the para may kindly be
		•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	destand from the Design of Compared May Killing be
	•			dropped from the Report of Comptroller and Auditor
1		]		General for the year ended 31-03-2012.
L		<u> </u>		
	I	<b>a</b> )	Name of the Department	REGISTRATION
┢		b)	Subject/Title of the	
1			periode time of the	
			Desident (Desident and	4.8 - Non-compliance of provisions of Act/Rules
-		11 a.	Review/ Paragraph	• Non-compliance of provisions of ACU/KEIES
_				
F		c)	Review/ Paragraph Parágraph Number	•.• - non-compliance of provisions of Activales Pare. 4.8.1
ſ		c)		Pare. 4.8.1
		c)		Pare. 4.8.1
			Paragraph Number	
	 	c) d)		Para. 4.8.1 Splitting up of land to evade SD and RF
			Paragraph Number	Para. 4.8.1 Splitting up of land to evade SD and RF Report of The Comptroller And Auditor General of
			Paragraph Number	Para. 4.8.1 Splitting up of land to evade SD and RF
	<u> </u>		Paragraph Number Report No /Year	Para. 4.8.1 Splitting up of land to evade SD and RF Report of The Comptroller And Auditor General of India for the Year Ended 31.03.2012 (RR)
		d)	Paragraph Number Report No /Year Date of receipt of the Draft	Para. 4.8.1 Splitting up of land to evade SD and RF Report of The Comptroller And Auditor General of
		d)	Paragraph Number Report No /Year	Para. 4.8.1 Splitting up of land to evade SD and RF Report of The Comptroller And Auditor General of India for the Year Ended 31.03.2012 (RR) 30.03.2012
		d)	Paragraph Number Report No /Year Date of receipt of the Draft	Para. 4.8.1 Splitting up of land to evade SD and RF Report of The Comptroller And Auditor General of India for the Year Ended 31.03.2012 (RR)
		d)	Paragraph Number Report No /Year Date of receipt of the Draft Para	Para. 4.8.1 Splitting up of land to evade SD and RF Report of The Comptroller And Auditor General of India for the Year Ended 31.03.2012 (RR) 30.03.2012 Report-RR/DP-4101/12-13
		d) a)	Paragraph Number Report No /Year Date of receipt of the Draft	Para. 4.8.1 Splitting up of laud to evade SD and RF Report of The Comptroller And Auditor General of India for the Year Ended 31.03.2012 (RR) 30.03.2012 Report-RR/DP-4101/12-13 04.04.2012
-		d) a)	Paragraph Number Report No /Year Date of receipt of the Draft Para Date of Department Reply	Para. 4.8.1 Splitting up of land to evade SD and RF Report of The Comptroller And Auditor General of India for the Year Ended 31.03.2012 (RR) 30.03.2012 Report-RR/DP-4101/12-13
-	II III	d) a)	Paragraph Number Report No /Year Date of receipt of the Draft Para	Para. 4.8.1 Splitting up of land to evade SD and RF Report of The Comptroller And Auditor General of India for the Year Ended 31.03.2012 (RR) 30.03.2012 Report-RR/DP-4101/12-13 04.04.2012 (Due date - 03.05.2012)
-		d) a)	Paragraph Number Report No /Year Date of receipt of the Draft Para Date of Department Reply	Para. 4.8.1 Splitting up of laud to evade SD and RF Report of The Comptroller And Auditor General of India for the Year Ended 31.03.2012 (RR) 30.03.2012 Report-RR/DP-4101/12-13 04.04.2012
-		d) a)	Paragraph Number Report No /Year Date of receipt of the Draft Para Date of Department Reply	Para. 4.8.1 Splitting up of land to evade SD and RF Report of The Comptroller And Auditor General of India for the Year Ended 31.03.2012 (RR) 30.03.2012 Report-RR/DP-4101/12-13 04.04.2012 (Due date - 03.05.2012)
-		d) a)	Paragraph Number Report No /Year Date of receipt of the Draft Para Date of Department Reply	Para. 4.8.1 Splitting up of land to evade SD and RF Report of The Comptroller And Auditor General of India for the Year Ended 31.03.2012 (RR) 30.03.2012 Report-RR/DP-4101/12-13 04.04.2012 (Due date - 03.05.2012) Para 4.8.1: SRO NILESWARAM.
-		d) a)	Paragraph Number Report No /Year Date of receipt of the Draft Para Date of Department Reply	Para. 4.8.1 Splitting up of land to evade SD and RF Report of The Comptroller And Auditor General of India for the Year Ended 31.03.2012 (RR) 30.03.2012 Report-RR/DP-4101/12-13 04.04.2012 (Due date - 03.05.2012) Para 4.8.1: SRO NILESWARAM. It was noticed (December 2010) that 21.04 ares of land wa
-		d) a)	Paragraph Number Report No /Year Date of receipt of the Draft Para Date of Department Reply	Para. 4.8.1 Splitting up of land to evade SD and RF Report of The Comptroller And Auditor General of India for the Year Ended 31.03.2012 (RR) 30.03.2012 Report-RR/DP-4101/12-13 04.04.2012 (Due date - 03.05.2012) Para 4.8.1: SRO NILESWARAM. It was noticed (December 2010) that 21.04 ares of land was transferred by the same executants to the same two person
-		d) a)	Paragraph Number Report No /Year Date of receipt of the Draft Para Date of Department Reply	Para. 4.8.1 Splitting up of laud to evade SD and RF Report of The Comptroller And Auditor General of India for the Year Ended 31.03.2012 (RR) 30.03.2012 Report-RR/DP-4101/12-13 04.04.2012 (Dise date - 03.05.2012) Para 4.8.1: SRO NILESWARAM. It was noticed (December 2010) that 21.04 ares of land was transferred by the same executants to the same two person through two sale deeds executed within four days (6 Augus
-		d) a)	Paragraph Number Report No /Year Date of receipt of the Draft Para Date of Department Reply	Para. 4.8.1 Splitting up of land to evade SD and RF Report of The Comptroller And Auditor General of India for the Year Ended 31.03.2012 (RR) 30.03.2012 Report-RR/DP-4101/12-13 04.04.2012 (Die date - 03.05.2012) Para 4.8.1: SRO NILESWARAM. It was noticed (December 2010) that 21.04 ares of land was transferred by the same executants to the same two person through two sale deeds executed within four days (6 Augus 2009 and 10 August 2009) by which 1.11 ares and 19.93 are
-		d) a)	Paragraph Number Report No /Year Date of receipt of the Draft Para Date of Department Reply	Para. 4.8.1 Splitting up of land to evade SD and RF Report of The Comptroller And Auditor General of India for the Year Ended 31.03.2012 (RR) 30.03.2012 Report-RR/DP-4101/12-13 04.04.2012 (Die date - 03.05.2012) Para 4.8.1: SRO NILESWARAM. It was noticed (December 2010) that 21.04 ares of land was transferred by the same executants to the same two person through two sale deeds executed within four days (6 Augus 2009 and 10 August 2009) by which 1.11 ares and 19.93 are
-		d) a)	Paragraph Number Report No /Year Date of receipt of the Draft Para Date of Department Reply	Para. 4.8.1 Splitting up of land to evade SD and RF Report of The Comptroller And Auditor General of India for the Year Ended 31.03.2012 (RR) 30.03.2012 Report-RR/DP-4101/12-13 04.04.2012 (Die date - 03.05.2012) Para 4.8.1: SRO NILESWARAM. It was noticed (December 2010) that 21.04 ares of land was transferred by the same executants to the same two person through two sale deeds executed within four days (6 Augus 2009 and 10 August 2009) by which 1.11 ares and 19.93 are were sold for Rs. 4.68 lakh and Rs. 3.50 lakh respectively
-		d) a)	Paragraph Number Report No /Year Date of receipt of the Draft Para Date of Department Reply	Para. 4.8.1 Splitting up of land to evade SD and RF Report of The Comptroller And Auditor General of India for the Year Ended 31.03.2012 (RR) 30.03.2012 Report-RR/DP-4101/12-13 04.04.2012 (Die date - 03.05.2012) Para 4.8.1: SRO NILESWARAM. It was noticed (December 2010) that 21.04 ares of land was transferred by the same executants to the same two person through two sale deeds executed within four days (6 Augus 2009 and 10 August 2009) by which 1.11 ares and 19.93 are

1767/18.

			registered at a lower value. This resulted in undervaluation o the second document to the tune of Rs. 80.44 lakh and consequent short levy of SD and RF of Rs. 9.65 lakh.
			The matter was pointed out to the Department (December 2010) and the Department stated (December 2011) that sno-motu action was being taken on the document.
			The case was reported to Government (February 2012), their reply has not been received (December 2012)
IV.	a)	Does the Department agree	Yes
· .	1 ·	the fact and figures	
-		included in the paragraph	
	b)	If not please indicate the	NA
		areas of disagreement	
У.	8)	Does the Department agree	Yes
		with the Audit Conclusion	
	<b>b</b> )	If not please indicate the	NA
		areas of disagreement	
	1		
Vi		Remedial Action taken	1. Since the land was spilt up into two pieces by an extent
VI	• •	Remedial Action taken	OI 1.11 Ares and 19.93 Ares based on mod facility and
VI		Remedial Action taken	or 1.11 Ares and 19.93 Ares based on road facility and purchased by the same person through two documents
VI		Remedial Action taken	of 1.11 Ares and 19.93 Ares based on road facility and purchased by the same person through two documents, the remark of the Accountant General seems to be justifiable in this case and this denatiment also fat the documents.
¥I 		Kerneolal Action taken	or 1.11 Ares and 19.93 Ares based on road facility and purchased by the same person through two documents, the remark of the Accountant General seems to be justifiable in this case and this department also felt that there occurs undervaluation which is entirely different form the
¥1		Kemedial Action taken	of 1.11 Ares and 19.93 Ares based on road facility and purchased by the same person through two documents, the remark of the Accountant General seems to be justifiable in this case and this denationant also fait that does
¥1		Kemedial Action taken	of 1.11 Ares and 19.93 Ares based on road facility and purchased by the same person through two documents, the remark of the Accountant General seems to be justifiable in this case and this department also felt that there occurs undervaluation which is entirely different from the case mentioned in SRO Ambalapuzha.
¥1		Kemedial Action taken	<ul> <li>of 1.11 Ares and 19.93 Ares based on road facility and purchased by the same person through two documents, the remark of the Accountant General seems to be justifiable in this case and this department also felt that there occurs undervaluation which is entirely different from the case mentioned in SRO Ambalapuzha.</li> <li>Hence Suo-motu action has already been taken under section 45 B (3) of the Kerala Stamp Act 1050 contents.</li> </ul>
ΥΙ		Kemeolal Action taken	<ul> <li>of 1.11 Ares and 19.93 Ares based on road facility and purchased by the same person through two documents, the remark of the Accountant General seems to be justifiable in this case and this department also felt that there occurs undervaluation which is entirely different from the case mentioned in SRO Ambalapuzha.</li> <li>Hence Suo-motu action has already been taken under section 45 B (3) of the Kerala Stamp Act, 1959 against the document number 2064/2009. Form II notice upon the section when the section 45 B (3) of the Kerala Stamp Act, 1959 against the document number 2064/2009. Form II notice upon the section 45 B (3) of the Kerala Stamp Act, 1959 against the document number 2064/2009.</li> </ul>
¥1		Kemeolal Action taken	<ul> <li>of 1.11 Ares and 19.93 Ares based on road facility and purchased by the same person through two documents, the remark of the Accountant General seems to be justifiable in this case and this department also felt that there occurs undervaluation which is entirely different from the case mentioned in SRO Ambalapuzha.</li> <li>2. Hence Suo-motu action has already been taken under section 45 B (3) of the Kerala Stamp Act, 1959 against the document number 2064/2009. Form II notice was issued to the parties on 23.02 2011 itself. But the action is a strength of the transmission of the transmission</li></ul>
VI 		Kemeolal Action taken	<ul> <li>of 1.11 Ares and 19.93 Ares based on road facility and purchased by the same person through two documents, the remark of the Accountant General seems to be justifiable in this case and this department also felt that there occurs undervaluation which is entirely different from the case mentioned in SRO Ambalapuzha.</li> <li>2. Hence Suo-motu action has already been taken under section 45 B (3) of the Kerala Stamp Act, 1959 against the document number 2064/2009. Form II notice was issued to the parties on 23.02.2011 itself: But the parties neither respond to, this notice nor submit entirely and the analysis.</li> </ul>
VI		Kemeolal Action taken	<ul> <li>of 1.11 Ares and 19.93 Ares based on road facility and purchased by the same person through two documents, the remark of the Accountant General seems to be justifiable in this case and this department also felt that there occurs undervaluation which is entirely different from the case mentioned in SRO Ambalapuzha.</li> <li>Hence Suo-motu action has already been taken under section 45 B (3) of the Kerala Stamp Act, 1959 against the document number 2064/2009. Form II notice was issued to the parties on 23.02.2011 itself. But the parties neither respond to this notice nor submit any representation reserving the listen State of the Direct State State of the Direct State of</li></ul>
VI		Kemeolal Action taken	<ul> <li>of 1.11 Ares and 19.93 Ares based on road facility and purchased by the same person through two documents, the remark of the Accountant General seems to be justifiable in this case and this department also felt that there occurs undervaluation which is entirely different from the case méntioned in SRO Ambalapuzha.</li> <li>Hence Suo-motu action has already been taken under section 45 B (3) of the Kerala Stamp Act, 1959 against the document number 2064/2009. Form II notice was issued to the parties on 23.02.2011 itself: But the parties neither respond to this notice nor submit any representation regarding this issue. So the District Registrar determined the value/ consideration for the document 2064/2009, hased on the value/ Souther for the document 2064/2009.</li> </ul>
		Kemeolal Action taken	<ul> <li>of 1.11 Ares and 19.93 Ares based on road facility and purchased by the same person through two documents, the remark of the Accountant General seems to be justifiable in this case and this department also felt that there occurs undervaluation which is entirely different from the case méntioned in SRO Ambalapuzha.</li> <li>Hence Suo-motu action has already been taken under section 45 B (3) of the Kerala Stamp Act, 1959 against the document number 2064/2009. Form II notice was issued to the parties on 23.02.2011 itself: But the parties neither respond to this notice nor submit any representation regarding this issue. So the District Registrar determined the value/ consideration for the document 2064/2009, based on the value set forth in the document 2064/2009 as Rs. 83.94.000/ (without taking)</li> </ul>
		Kemeolal Action taken	<ul> <li>of 1.11 Ares and 19.93 Ares based on road facility and purchased by the same person through two documents, the remark of the Accountant General seems to be justifiable in this case and this department also felt that there occurs undervaluation which is entirely different from the case mentioned in SRO Ambalapuzha.</li> <li>Hence Suo-motu action has already been taken under section 45 B (3) of the Kerala Stamp Act, 1959 against the document number 2064/2009. Form II notice was issued to the parties on 23.02.2011 itself: But the parties neither respond to this notice nor submit any representation regarding this issue. So the District Registrar determined the value/ consideration for the document 2064/2009 as Rs. 83,94,000/- (without taking into account of being heard the narties and also action and the parties and sho are shown to be an entire and also are the parties and sho are the parties and also are the parties and sho are parting a parties and s</li></ul>
		Kemeonal Action taken	<ul> <li>of 1.11 Ares and 19.93 Ares based on road facility and purchased by the same person through two documents, the remark of the Accountant General seems to be justifiable in this case and this department also felt that there occurs undervaluation which is entirely different from the case méntioned in SRO Ambalapuzha.</li> <li>Hence Suo-motu action has already been taken under section 45 B (3) of the Kerala Stamp Act, 1959 against the document number 2064/2009. Form II notice was issued to the parties on 23.02.2011 itself: But the parties neither respond to this notice nor submit any representation regarding this issue. So the District Registrar determined the value/ consideration for the document 2064/2009 as Rs. 83,94,000/- (without taking into account of being heard the parties and also not considering the Fair value that is considerable to be parties and the parties and also not considering the Fair value that the parties and also not considering the Fair value that the case of the section of the section and the parties and also not considering the Fair value that the case of the section and the parties and also not considering the fair value that the parties and also not considering the fair value that the case of the parties and also not considering the fair value that the case of the case of the case of the parties and also not considering the fair value that the case of the</li></ul>
		kemeolal Action taken	<ul> <li>of 1.11 Ares and 19.93 Ares based on road facility and purchased by the same person through two documents, the remark of the Accountant General seems to be justifiable in this case and this department also felt that there occurs undervaluation which is entirely different from the case mentioned in SRO Ambalapuzha.</li> <li>Hence Suo-motu action has already been taken under section 45 B (3) of the Kerala Stamp Act, 1959 against the document number 2064/2009. Form II notice was issued to the parties on 23.02.2011 itself: But the parties neither respond to this notice nor submit any representation regarding this issue. So the District Registrar determined the value/ consideration for the document 2064/2009 as Rs. 83,94,000/- (without taking into account of being heard the parties and also not considering the Fair value, that is considerably low, which came to effect on 01 04 2010) and incurs.</li> </ul>
VI		kemeolal Action taken	<ul> <li>of 1.11 Ares and 19.93 Ares based on road facility and purchased by the same person through two documents, the remark of the Accountant General seems to be justifiable in this case and this department also felt that there occurs undervaluation which is entirely different from the case mentioned in SRO Ambalapuzha.</li> <li>Hence Suo-motu action has already been taken under section 45 B (3) of the Kerala Stamp Act, 1959 against the document number 2064/2009. Form II notice was issued to the parties on 23.02.2011 itself. But the parties neither respond to this notice nor submit any representation regarding this issue. So the District Registrar determined the value/ consideration for the document 2064/2009 as Rs. \$3,94,000/- (without taking into account of being heard the parties and also not considering the Fair value, that is considerably low, which came to effect on 01.04.2010) and issued preliminary order vide order membered PU/2001 and</li> </ul>
		kemeolal Action taken	<ul> <li>of 1.11 Ares and 19.93 Ares based on road facility and purchased by the same person through two documents, the remark of the Accountant General seems to be justifiable in this case and this department also felt that there occurs undervaluation which is entirely different from the case mentioned in SRO Ambalapuzha.</li> <li>Hence Suo-motu action has already been taken under section 45 B (3) of the Kerala Stamp Act, 1959 against the document number 2064/2009. Form II notice was issued to the parties on 23.02.2011 itself: But the parties neither respond to this notice nor submit any representation regarding this issue. So the District Registrar determined the value/ consideration for the document 2064/2009, based on the value set forth in the document 2044/2009 as Rs. 83,94,000/- (without taking into account of being heard the parties and also not considering the Fair value, that is considerably low, which came to effect on 01.04.2010) and issued preliminary order vide order mumbered PUV/29/11/N (SM) dated 31.01.2012 and Final Order to the parties vide order numbered PUV/29/11/N.</li> </ul>
		kemeolal Action taken	<ul> <li>of 1.11 Ares and 19.93 Ares based on road facility and purchased by the same person through two documents, the remark of the Accountant General seems to be justifiable in this case and this department also felt that there occurs undervaluation which is entirely different from the case mentioned in SRO Ambalapuzha.</li> <li>Hence Suo-motu action has already been taken under section 45 B (3) of the Kerala Stamp Act, 1959 against the document number 2064/2009. Form II notice was issued to the parties on 23.02.2011 itself. But the parties neither respond to this notice nor submit any representation regarding this issue. So the District Registrar determined the value/ consideration for the document 2064/2009 based on the value set forth in the document 2044/2009 as Rs. 83,94,000/ (without taking into account of being heard the parties and also not considering the Fair value, that is considerably low, which came to effect on 01.04.2010) and issued preliminary order vide order mumbered PUV/29/11/N</li> </ul>
		Kemeonal Action taken	<ol> <li>Hence Suo-motu action has already been taken under section 45 B (3) of the Kerala Stamp Act, 1959 against the document number 2064/2009. Form II notice was issued to the parties on 23.02.2011 itself. But the parties neither respond to this notice nor submit any representation regarding this issue. So the District Registrar determined the value/ consideration for the document 2064/2009, based on the value set forth in the document 2064/2009 as Rs. 83,94,000/- (without taking into account of being heard the parties and also not considering the Fair value, that is considerably low, which came to effect on 01.04.2010) and issued preliminary order vide order numbered PUV/29/11/N (SM) dated 31.01.2012 and Final Order to the parties vide order numbered PUV/29/11/N (SM) dated 15.03.2012.</li> </ol>
V1		Kemeonal Action taken	<ul> <li>of 1.11 Ares and 19.93 Ares based on road facility and purchased by the same person through two documents, the remark of the Accountant General seems to be justifiable in this case and this department also felt that there occurs undervaluation which is entirely different from the case mentioned in SRO Ambalapuzha.</li> <li>Hence Suo-motu action has already been taken under section 45 B (3) of the Kerala Stamp Act, 1959 against the document number 2064/2009. Form II notice was issued to the parties on 23.02.2011 itself. But the parties neither respond to this notice nor submit any representation regarding this issue. So the District Registrar determined the value/ consideration for the document 2064/2009, based on the value set forth in the document 2064/2009 as Rs. 83,94,000/- (without taking into account of being heard the parties and also not considering the Fair value, that is considerably low, which came to effect on 01.04.2010) and issued preliminary order vide order numbered PUV/29/11/N (SM) dated 31.01.2012 and Final Order to the parties vide order numbered PUV/29/11/N (SM) dated 31.01.2012</li> </ul>

clear off all the pending undervaluation cases referred to the District Registrar or called for by him under section 45 B (1) and (3) of the Kerala Stamp Act- 1959, by considering the extent of transaction, rather than the value reported or determined by the District Registrar. As per the Government order, the decision of the District Registrar regarding the determination of value is void and the aforesaid document deserves the benefit of the scheme.

An amount of Rs. 2000/ has been remitted by the concerned parties as per TR.5 receipt number 14 dated 21.12.2012 in the Sub Registrar office, Nileswaram.

5. Furthermore provisions were already included in the Schedule to Stamp Act 1959 in Article 21 and 22, through <u>Finance Bill-2013</u>, to restrict subsequent conveyance transactions in respect of the whole or portion of the property involved in the previous conveyance within a period of three months from the date of registration of previous documents, by imposing higher Stamp Duty at the rate of two times higher than previous transaction and one and half times higher Stamp Duty for subsequent transaction with in a period of six months from the date of registration of previous documents.

In this connection, it is informed that eventhough the draft para was reported to government by the Accountant General, it became an audit para, during the course of examination by the Government. Hence reply of the Government could not be furnished.

Considering the above facts, the para may kindly be dropped from the Report of Comptroller and Auditor General for the year ended 31-03-2012.

a)	Name of the Department	REGISTRATION
b) .	Subject/Title of the Review/ Paragraph	4.8 Non-compliance of provisions of Act/Rules
c)	Paragraph Number	Para. 4.8.2 Short levy SD and RF due to Undervaluation
d)	Report No /Year	Report of The Comptroller And Auditor General of India for the Year Ended 31.03.2012 (RR)
a)	Date of receipt of the Draft Para	67.04.2012
	b) c) d)	<ul> <li>b) 'Subject/Title of the Review/ Paragraph</li> <li>c) Paragraph Number</li> <li>d) Report No /Year</li> <li>a) Date of receipt of the Draft</li> </ul>
+ -		Report-RR/DP-4108/12-13
-----	---------------------------------------	--
10	) Date of Department Repl	
┢┈╴		UZ.05.2012
1.	Cist of Paragraph	(Due date - 04.05.2012)
		Para 4.8.2: SRO AGALI.
1.		It was noticed (May 2008) that 34 sale deeds were registered whereby 122.365 acres of land was sold as were registered
		whereby 122.365 acres of land was sold to a company, th previous documents of which was sold to a company, th
		Drevious documents of the was sold to a company, the
		of one to six months prior to the registered within a perior documents. The values shown in the preserved
		documents. The values shown in the previous document were considerably lower than the networks and the second
		were considerably lower than the subsequent document resulting in undervaluation of maintenant document
		resulting in undervaluation of previous documents to the extent of Rs. 1.26 crore. This resulting
		extent of Rs. 1.26 crore. This resulted in short levy of SE and RF of Rs. 15.15 lakh.
	tan in the second second	and Kr of RS. 15.15 lakh.
		The Government formed
	· · · ;	The Government formed a committee (May 2010) which was entrusted the work of enquiring into these and the
	1	also. The community of the state and observations
		been undervaluation (October 2010) that there had
		at SRO Agali However fund
۰.		been received (December 2012)
a)	Does the Department	<b>I</b>
1	the fact and figures	No
·	included in the name	
	·····	
) (	If not please indicate the	
	areas of disagreement	1 Subsequent
		1. Subsequent documents bearing higher value, than the previous document whether it is a second to be a second sec
		common phenomenant it is normal or abnormal is a
		officers to encourage the state also insisting sub-ordinate
		to achieve Revenue target given by the Government.
		target given by the Government.
1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		2. No Registering officer can foresee any considerable increase of price in the subsequence any considerable.
	* 	registering the documents Them in the subsequent transactions while
		registering the documents. There is also no rule prevailing that empower the recistering
		that empower the registering officer to initiate
· ·		undervaluation proceedings against a pre document if there is variation in value where the proceedings against a pre document if
		there is variation proceedings against a pre document if values shown in the subsecuent the compared with the
1		values shown in the subsequent transactions. It is also not practical on the part of the Period
1		practical on the part of the Registering Officer to go
	44	through the documents already registered, while registering subsequent documents.
		i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
		3. It is to be admitted that the Sub Registrar has performed
1		
		Value" and also in the absence of further higher valued subsequent transactions.
		<ul> <li>b) If not please indicate the areas of disagreement</li> </ul>

V	8	Does the Department agree	No
		with the Audit Conclusion	110
	1		
	b)	If not please indicate the	1. It is to be noted that, here the purchaser is a well known
ļ• .		areas of disagreement	limited company registered under Indian Companies
	1		Act-1956 and also the subsidiary associate of
			multinational power giant M/s Suzion Energy I tol in the
		a second a second s	Deld of installation of Wind mills and Electricity
	1.		production. Incretione it is the need of the company to l
. •			purchase acres of land in a particular area (Hill Tract) as
1	1.		a whole plot for the installation of wind mills.
	1.		
	1		
			2. It is also to be noted that the transactions relating the
с. Т. с.	· ·		pre documents are between local individuals with
			different carbing capacities. So it is common and
			obvious that the consideration paid might be within their i
•		-	Intancial capacities. But the transactions relating to
5 (j.)			une subsequent documents are between individuals
	ľ		and a multinational company. For these reason that
			might have offered charming price to all the owners to
			get the title deed and ownership of 122 acres together.
			3. Since Fair value was not prevalent in the State,
			Registration department introduced Guideline value to i
~	-		prevent undervaluation. The consideration set forth in
			the 34 pre documents were based on the Guideline Value
.			and also there was a reasonable hike in the value from
			the earlier pre documents (in 25 cases and 8 documents
		1	were registered based on the procession certificate).
· .	12		Since the value set forth in 15 documents (out of the
			total 48 documents mentioned by the Accountant
			General in their earlier local audit report and draft para of 2009) are below guideline value, and there is
			a valid reason to believe that the value is not truly set
			forth, the Sub Registrar reported the above 15
1			documents for undervaluation and deficit amount has
	•		been collected from 13 documents. This implies that
I	1.		the Sub Registrar has acted as per rules and also in
	·		good faith.
.			
			4. It is humbly stated that the comparison of pre
			documents with the "Fair value" is more relevant and
			legally valid, than comparing with the subsequent
1	:		documents for accessing revenue loss.
			6 The strate with the method
I	i		5. The "Fair value" fixed by the Government on
	. · ·		14.12.2009 and come into force on April 2010 (i.e. after
			3 years of the audit remark and registration of
{			subsequent documents) for the survey numbers 1273/1, 1274, 1275, 1283/2, 1295of Kottathara village is Rs.
• . T			The second secon

	70
	1000/- per Are (i.e. Rs405/- per cent) for Hill track with road access/ residential plot with road access, and for the survey numbers 1819, 1326 of Kottathara village is Rs. 1250/- per Are. (i.e. Rs. 506/- per cent) This value is remarkably low when compared to the value set forth in the subsequent documents.
	6. By comparing this fair value of 2010, with that of the consideration shown in the pre documents (average Rs. 150/cent) there occurs no revenue loss as pointed out by the audit, because the mentioned documents were registered in 2006-2007 i.e. before 4 years. Since the day to day increase of land value is unpredictable now a days, a nominal decrease of value per cent (average Rs. 250-300/cent) in 2006 while comparing with the value in 2010 is quite natural.
VI	<ul> <li>7. From this comparison it is very clear that there is no revenue loss occurred to Government as mentioned by the audit team/, and there is only revenue gain occurred while registering the subsequent documents with higher consideration (set forth as per company's discretion)</li> <li>Remedial Action taken</li> <li>6. The department has already taken effective store with</li> </ul>
	the co-ordination of Revenue department for implementing Fair value in the State. As a result Fair value of land was fixed by the respective RDO's subject to the rules stipulated in the Kerala Stamp (Fixation of Fair value of Land) Rules- 1995 and was implemented in the state on 06.03.2010 through extra ordinary Gazette
	Notification numbered 515 (1) to (21). From 01.04.2010 onwards documents are being registered in the State in accordance with the Pair value and such types of transaction/remarks has not been pointed out by the Accountant General for the past two years after the implementation of Fair Value.
	7. Provisions were already included in the Schedule to Stamp Act 1959 in Article 21 and 22, through <u>Finance</u> <u>BIII-2013</u> to restrict subsequent conveyance transactions in respect of the whole or portion of the property involved in the previous conveyance when executed
	within a period of six months from the date of registration of previous documents, by imposing higher rate of Stamp Duty at the rate of two times for 3 months and one and half times for 6 months higher than previous transaction.
	8. The allegation of alienation of tribal land in Attappady, illegal erection of wind mills on land owned by tribals

fraudulent means of transactions, land scam, Committees observation etc are current affairs and this issue arised after a period of 4 years from the registration of the pre documents in the absence of Fair value. The observation of audit team and the committee, related to undervaluation of documents is not legally sustainable in the absence of fair value.

Considering the above facts, the para may kindly be dropped from the Report of Comptroller and Auditor General for the year ended 31-93-2012.

I	<b>a</b> ) -	Name of the Department	REGISTRATION
	b)	Subject/Title of the	4.8 - Non-compliance of provisions of Act/Rules
		Review/ Paragraph	4.0 - 1400 - compliance of provisions of Acomanas
		Trette in Tangraph	
	· C)	Paragraph Number	Para. 4.8.2
	r .'		Short levy SD and RF due to Undervaluation
			Short hevy SLI and KP one to Constrainment
•	d)	Report No /Year	Report of The Comptroller And Auditor General of
			India for the Year Ended 31.43.2012 (RR)
	X		
Ц	<b>∂a)</b>	Date of receipt of the Draft Para	07.04.2012
		tara.	Report-RR/DP-4107/2012-2013
	·b)	Date of Department Reply	24.04.2012
	·		(Due date 04.05.2012)
Ш		Gist of Paragraph	
			Para 4.8.2: SRO VADAKKENCHERRY (PKD).
	ŀ		Verification (November 2011) of the Book 1 and register of
			undervaluation (November 2011) of the book 1 and register of undervaluation revealed that while registering the
. )			conveyance deeds, conveyance transfer of two properties of
· · .	· .		243.03 Ares and 113.72 Ares in Kizhakencherry Panchayat in
	· ·		April and May 2008 for Rs. 7 lakh and Rs. 4.90 lakh
1.2	: .		respectively, the Registering Authority estimated the value of
	· :		these properties as Rs. 48.29 lakh and Rs. 36 lakh
÷			respectively and referred the deeds to the District Registrar as
· .	1		suspected cases of undervaluation. The values estimated by
. · •	· ·		the Registering Authority with available details were
			recorded in the register of undervaluation maintained in the
	1.		SRO. Subsequently notices were issued to the parties for
	14		settling the cases under compounding scheme and the first
			case was settled under compounding scheme, while second
	1. 1.		case remained unsettled. Meanwhile these properties were
•			sold again in October and November 2009 for consideration
1.1	1	-	of Rs. 11.60 lakh and Rs. 8 lakh respectively. Though the details of undervaluation of the property and the value
÷			estimated and reported to District Registrar were available in
			the undervaluation register of the said office, the registering

IV	a)	Dreade D	District Registrar as undervaluation cases. This resulted short levy of SD and RF of Rs. 7.76 lakh. We pointed out the matter to the Department (Novembe 2011) and reported to Government (February 2012), W I ave not received any further remarks (December 2012)
	а) 7	Does the Department agree the fact and figures included in the paragraph	Νο
	b)	If not please indicate the	
· 1		areas of disagreement	1. Since Fair value was not prevalent in the state, th
f			
	· .	· · ·	undervaluation. Even though the guideline value had ne
- <u>`.</u>	•		
· 1			
- 1	·	• . <u> </u> •	
		1	2. In the pre documents numbered 1790/2008 and
. [•	•. I		
	- 1	•	
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	5 I		
	• .:		
- A	1		
Ľ.			THE WEIGHT TARGE FIRE SUBSALLASS
· [	. 1		were not reported for undervaluation.
- <b>-</b> -			
		· · · · · ·	3. While comparing with the pre documents, it is obvious
	. [	<u> </u>	
1			
			party set forth Rs. 1160,000/ in the subsequent
	Į.		document numbered 3157/2009 against Rs. 7.00.000/- in the numbered 3157/2009 against Rs. 7.00.000/- in
			the pre document numbered 1700 base
	]		the pre document numbered 1790/2008 which shows a hike of 65% in the value is a shows a
			hike of 65% in the value. In the second case the party set
1			forth Rs. 8.00.000/- in the subsequent document
			numbered 3473/2009 against Rs. 3.10.000/- in the pre
·			
		e transfera 🚹	
	1		liable to report it for undervaluation in the absence of "Fair Value".
·   .			
			4. The vehic meaned have
		· · · · · ·	4. The value reported by the registering authority is not final and it is only an opinion and a set of the set
	•		
		a de la companya de l	
1		· · · · ·	
Ŀ	-		exact value/consideration. He is only offering his opinion about the value/ consideration and referring the document
			where us value/ consideration and referring the state

			The second second
			to the Collector/District Registrar for the correct determination of stamp duty.
.			· · · · · ·
:	1		5. The determination of value and the proper duty payable
.	· 1		the second is coloulated by the Collector/District Keyisuar in
1	ł		web a manner prescribed by the Kersia Statily
·	. 4		(Descention of Undervaluation of Instruments) Kurcs,
			1968- Rules. (4), (5), (6) and (7). There is no provision in
. 1			the Kerala Stamp Act, 1959 or the Kerala Stamp (Prevention of Undervaluation of Instruments) Rules-
			(Prevention of Undervaluation of instantion) relation of the Sub Registrar offered in the 1968, that the opinion of the Sub Registrar offered in the
			prescribed UV form should be considered as a final value.
			prescribed GV form should be considered and
		The set is a Demonstrate	No
V.	a)	Does the Department agree	
		with the Audit Conclusion	
	h)	If not please indicate the	
	0		1. It is humbly stated that the comparison of pre
ľ.	t	and the Ot and and a second second	decuments with the "Fair value" fixed by the
<b>.</b>	1		Government is more relevant and legally acceptable
ŀ	ŀ		one than comparing with the value reported by the
	1		Sub Registrar for assessing revenue loss.
1		1	2. The "Fair value" fixed by the Government on 14.12.2009
1			and some into force on April 2010 (i.e. after 2 Vears of )
1			the audit remark and registration of 1790/2008 document)
	÷ .		I for the De Survey numbers 377, 378/1 in
1			Kizhakkancherry village is Rs. 6000/- per Are and for
1	l.		382/4 is Rs. 11000/- per Are.
	1	-	
ĺ		* <sup>*</sup>	3. The Collector/District Registrar determined the value of
	·		3. The Collector/District Registrar determined are value of the property mentioned in the first document numbered
1			1790/2008 as Rs. 15,88,000/2 based on the Fair value.
<ul> <li>1</li> </ul>			Therefore the value/consideration of the document
ł			
			and not Rs. 48.29 lakh as per the assumption of the Sub
	*		Registrat.
		1.	
		1	4. By comparing this fair value of 2010, with that of the
			in the document 3131/2007
			(Rs. 11.60 /- lakh) there occurs no revenue loss as pointed
			out by the audit, because the mentioned document was registered in 2009 i.e. before I year to the introduction o
ļ			The status Since the day to day increase of land Value
			user distable now days a nominal decrease of
			Re 1967/Are in 2009 while comparing with the value in
			2010 is quite natural and reasonable.
1			
	-		5. In the second case also the Collector/District Registrar
			table to consider the Fair Value of Land, While
1	· .		determining the proper stamp duty. The mere opinion about the value, by the Registering authority also has n
		V ( a)	with the Audit Conclusion

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	_		
·		and the second	legal validity.
	1		6. The Collector/District Registrar determined the value of the property mentioned in the
ł			the property mentioned in the
- [	.1		the property mentioned in the pre document numbered
ſ	-		
	1	· · .	LAND THE THE ACT IN A STORE THE ASSUMPTION AND A
ľ	1.		Registrar.
	1		7 D.P.
			7. Preliminary orders were issued to the concerned parties to
-l-			
	1.		
·			
		· · · ·	
·			the pending undervaluation cases referred to the District Registrar or called for by him and the pending the second secon
	. ]		Registrar or called for by him under state to the District
		•	
1.	1.		(3) of the Kerala Stamp Act- 1959, by considering the extent of transaction at the start of transaction.
1.			
			Sub Registrar nor determined by the District Registrar.
	1		
			8. As per the above Government order, the decision of the District Registers recording to the decision of the
	1		
	4 .		man new storesaid uccument deserves the henefit of the
			scheme:
1.1	1		.9. An amount of Rs. 3000/- has been remitted by the
1	1.		would have barry reisted to doommand and the
1.			i sizuration in anisa on the size of
	f -		document numbered 2533/2008.
· ·	1		
1	1.		10. The remarks of the Audit is that, the registering authority did not report the subsequences
.	Ľ		
· · .	<u> </u>	le de la companya de	
1	ł		
ł.			
İ .	1.00		Registrar, the result will not be different since the
1	Ľ		compounding scheme is in effect and also continues up
1.	Ļ		to 31.03,2014.
<b>i</b>	• •		
	1 i i		IL The above policy desision of all o
ļ .			
I .			
		· .	
L			Accountant General are not legally sustainable.
VI		Remedial Action taken	
i			I. The Accountant General also made comments that,
	$T_{\rm eff}$		
		· · ·	
	· 1		
			the subsequent transactions to the District Register and report
			and the second s



2. In a heavy station, while registering the documents it is not practically possible on the part of the registering officer to refer the UV Register and to take the pre reported value as a yardstick. Finalizing a decision that there occurred undervaluation and revenue loss, by referring with an anticipated value of a reported case is also not legally sustainable.

3. The Sub Registrar is also not legally competent to insist the party to set forth the value in the subsequent document with the same value that has already been reported by the Sub Registrar.

4. Even though the above mentioned factors are true to facts, this office also accepting the views rendered by your office in good spirit. But there is no rule prevailing in the Kerala Stamp (Prevention of Undervaluation of Instruments) Rules, 1968 or any other Registration Rules that empower the registering officer to initiate undervaluation proceedings against a subsequent document if its pre document has already been reported to UV for an anticipated value.

5. In order to overcome such difficulties the department has already taken effective steps with the co-ordination of Revenue department for implementing Fair value in the state. As a result Fair value of land was fixed by the respective RDO's subject to the rules stipulated in the Kerala Stamp (Fixation of Fair value of Land) Rules-1995 and was implemented in the state on 06.03.2010 through extra ordinary Gazette Notification numbered 515 (1) to (21). From 01.04.2010 onwards documents are being registered in the State in accordance with the Fair value and such types of transaction/remarks has not been pointed out by the Accountant General for the past two years after the implementation of Fair Value.

6. Provisions were already included in the Schedule to Stamp Act 1959 in Article 21 and 22, through <u>Finance</u> <u>Bill-2013</u> to restrict subsequent conveyance transactions in respect of the whole or portion of the property involved in the previous conveyance when executed within a period of six months from the date of registration of previous documents, by imposing higher SD at the rate of two times for 3 months and one and half times for 6

1				
1	сс., I	1		monthshipt
1				months higher than previous transaction.
				It is also in C
[		1.		It is also informed that remarks of the Government with respect to this draft part with
				respect to this draft para was for the overnment with
	÷ 1	ł –		respect to this draft para was furnished as per Letter No. 3861/E3/2012/T.D. dated 01/12/2012
		f		
•				Consident - o
		*		Considering the above facts, the para may kindly be dropped from the Report of Comparing the standard to be
		* x	1	propped from the Report of Commission
4			1	dropped from the Report of Comptroller and Auditor General for the year ended 31-03-2012.
	<u> </u>			Jean caucu 31-03-2012.
1	• ·	a)	Name of the Department	
<b></b>				REGISTRATION
1.		b)	Subject/Title of the	
	1		Review/ Paragraph	4.8 - Non-compliance of providing
11			aragraph	4.8 - Non-compliance of provisions of Act/Rules
		¢)	D	
1 · .	. 1	<i>w</i>	Paragraph Number	
				/ Para. 4.8.2
1				
<b></b>			·····	Short levy SD and RF due to Undervaluation
1		d)	Report No /Year	Destation
ŀ				Report of The Comptroller And Auditor General of India for the Year Ended 21 02 2000
				India for the Year Ended 31.03.2012 (RR)
II II		a) .	Dete of	1.03.2012 (RR)
	÷. I	- <b>7</b> -	Date of receipt of the Draft	20.00.00
	1		Para	.30.03.2012
				Bannet Brame
·	+-	b)		Report- RR/DP-4102/2012-2013
	· 1	ן ני	Date of Department Reply	
	- <u>-</u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	02.04.2012
Ш	- I.		Gist of Paragraph	(Due date - 03.05.2012)
		1		
			of the second second second second	Para 4.8.2: SRO WADAKKANCHERRY (TSR).
	1.	~ [		THE ONO WADAKKANCHERRY (TSR).
		1		<b>34</b>
		1	· .	it was noticed (December 2011) that a property of 155.01 ares of land sold for Rs. 7 66 labbin 1 for the sold for Rs. 7
	. [	- 1		ares of land sold for Rs. 7 66 lakh - Lite 2000
	4.5			ares of land sold for Rs. 7.66 lakh in July 2009 was resold
		1		after 18 days without any improvement for a consideration of Rs. 29 lakh. However the registering authority did not report the first sale to the Discussion of the first sale to the big
	1	1		more the registering authority did not
	1	ł		report the first sale to the District Registrar as
			and the second second	undervaluation. This resulted in short levy of SD and RF of Rs. 2.56 lakh.
		- I-	4 <sup>1</sup>	Rs. 2.56 lakh.
•		1		The meth
	1	ļ		The matter was pointed out to the Department (December 2011) and reported to One
	1.	- i .		(December 2011) and reported out to the Department 2012), their remarks have not be of the forwary
. •	1	.	1	2012), their remarks have not to Government (February
÷.,	ŧ.			2012), their remarks have not been received (December
	┢	<u>_</u>		
IV	<b>a</b> )	)   ]	Does the Department agree	N
	1	I i i	he fact and f	NO
	I	1	he fact and figures	
÷ .	<u> </u>	i	ncluded in the paragraph	
		_		
	b)	I	not please indicate the	
			Prease invicate the	1. Subsequent documents bearing higher value than the
		8	reas of disagreement	previous document whether it is normal or abnormal is a
1	[	1		
. I	•	1	•	common phenomenon.
				2. The total consideration set forth in the documents
		_1,		numbered 722/1991, 1812/2003, 1813/2003 and
		1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Manuford 722/1991, 1812/2003, 1813/2003 and

•				
:				2128/2004 the pre documents, of 3250/2009 is only Rs. 1,40,500/ This shows that there is a reasonable increase in the value of the subsequent document
				3250/2009 (Rs. 7,66,000/-) in the absence of "Fair Value".
		u, *		<ol> <li>Initiation of undervaluation proceedings must be carried out "while" registering the document as per the section 45 B (1) of the Kerala Stamp Act, on the same day itself and "may refer" means it is the discretion of the</li> </ol>
	-			Registering Officer whether to report or not the instrument for undervaluation. Comparing with the pre document, it is obvious that the value has been truly set
				forth in the document numbered 3250/2009. More over the higher valued subsequent document 3510/2009 has not been registered. In such a situation the Sub Registrar has no reason to believe that the value of the property has
				not truly set forth in the document and also not liable to report it for undervaluation.
	V	<b>a</b> ),	Does the Department agree with the Audit Conclusion	No
	 	b)	If not please indicate the areas of disagreement	<ol> <li>Since the "Fair Value" was not prevalent in the state, there was no other option in front of the registering officer, but to accept the document for registration. He is</li> </ol>
				not liable to take into account of the market value.
		-		<ol> <li>The department introduced Guideline value to prevent undervaluation in the absence of Fair value. Instructions were also given to officers, not to refer documents for undervaluation if the value set forth is higher than the Guideline value.</li> </ol>
	· · ·			
	•• 			3. Moreover in a similar case, Government, as per GO (Rt) No. 354/10/TD dated 13.04.2010, had allowed the appeal filed by the Sub' Registrar, Ayyanthole and
				rejected the contention that valuation in a document registered earlier should be higher since the subsequent document was registered at a higher value. It may kindly be considered as a precedent.
· 1	VI		Banadial Asian Asian	
	¥1		Remedial Action taken	<ol> <li>In order to overcome the above type difficulties the department has already taken effective steps with the co- ordination of Revenue department for implementing Fair value in the state. As a result Fair value of land was fixed</li> </ol>

			by the respective RDO's subject to the rules stipulated in the Kerala Stamp (Fixation of Fair value of Land) Rules- 1995 and was implemented in the state on 06.03.2010 through extra ordinary Gazette Notification numbered 515 (1) to (21). From 01.04.2010 onwards documents are being registered in the State in accordance with the Fair value and such types of transaction/remarks has not been pointed out by the Accountant General for the past two years after the implementation of Fair Value.
•			2. Provisions were already included in the Schedule to Stamp Act 1959 in Article 21 and 22, through <u>Finance</u> <u>Bill-2013</u> to restrict subsequent conveyance transactions in respect of the whole or portion of the property involved in the previous conveyance when executed within a period of six months from the date of registration of previous documents, by imposing higher SD at the rate of two times for 3 months and one and half times for 6 months higher than previous transaction.
	ł	1. Sec. 1. Sec	
			3. The Inspector General of Registration issued a general circular numbered <i>RR.3-16535/2012 dated 13.09.12</i> to Registering Officers related to the precautionary measures to be taken while accepting/registering the documents by checking the title/authority/right to transfer etc before registration.
			It is also informed that remarks of the Government with respect to this draft para was furnished as per Letter No. 3417/E3/2012/T.D. dated 13/06/2012.
			Considering the above facts, the para may kindly be dropped from the Report of Comptroller and Auditor General for the year ended 31-03-2012.
I	a)	Name of the Department	REGISTRATION
	b)	Subject/Title of the Review/ Paragraph	4.8 - Non-compliance of provisions of Act/Rules
	c)	Paragraph Number	Para. 4.8.2
		•	Short levy SD and RF due to Undervaluation
	d)	Report No /Year	Report of The Comptroller And Auditor General of India for the Year Ended 31.03.2012 (RR)
· II ·	a)	Date of receipt of the Draft	07.04.2012
		Para	Report. RR/DP-4105/2012.2013

#### Report- RR/DP-4105/2012-2013

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		ь).	Date of Department Reply	20.04.2012 ( Due date - 94.05.2012)
I	I		Gist of Pa ragraph	
	-	·. `·		Para 4.8.2: SRO KOZHENCHERRY (PTA).
			4	From verification (October 2011) of Book 1 and register of
			· · ·	undervaluation it was noticed that the registering authority
				referred to the District Registrar four conveyance deeds
				registered between January and September 2008 as suspected
	·			cases of undervaluation estimating their values at Rs. 12.74
				lakh, Rs. 10.80 lakh, Rs. 5.06 lakh and Rs. 2.50 lakh
				respectively. The values estimated by the registering
				authority with available details were recorded in the register
		•	1 <b>1</b> 1	of undervaluation maintained in the SRO. The cases are
				pending disposal by the District Registrar. Meanwhile, these
		1		properties were sold between October 2009 and January 2010
		<b>.</b> .		for Rs. 2.60 lakh, Rs. 5.00 lakh, Rs. 3.00 lakh and Rs.
	•			0.80 lakh respectively. Though the details of undervaluation
				of the properties and the values estimated and reported to the
				District Registrar were available in the undervaluation
	· ·			register of the said office, the registering authority did not
				refer the register and report the subsequent transactions to the
		· .		District Registrar as undervaluation cases. This resulted in
		· ·		short levy of stamp duty and registration fee of Rs. 2.36 lakh.
		· .		
				The matter was pointed out to the Department
	• : :	· ·		(November 2011) and reported to Government (February
				2012), their remarks have not been received (December
			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2012)
F	V	a)	Does the Department agree	No
			the fact and figures	
			included in the paragraph	
l			aleideee in me publishin	
		b)	If not please indicate the	1. The value reported by the registering authority is not
1		·	areas of disagreement	final and it is only an opinion and a mere assumption.
<u>``</u>				The registering officer's role in this regard is limited. He
		1 .		
				has no authority to determine the exact
				has no authority to determine the exact value/consideration. He is only offering his opinion
				has no authority to determine the exact value/consideration. He is only offering his opinion about the value/ consideration and referring the
				has no authority to determine the exact value/consideration. He is only offering his opinion about the value/ consideration and referring the document to the Collector/District Registrar for the
-	-			has no authority to determine the exact value/consideration. He is only offering his opinion about the value/ consideration and referring the
	-			has no authority to determine the exact value/consideration. He is only offering his opinion about the value/ consideration and referring the document to the Collector/District Registrar for the
	-			has no authority to determine the exact value/consideration. He is only offering his opinion about the value/ consideration and referring the document to the Collector/District Registrar for the
	-			<ul> <li>has no authority to determine the exact value/consideration. He is only offering his opinion about the value/ consideration and referring the document to the Collector/District Registrar for the correct determination of stamp duty.</li> <li>2. There exists so many instances in which the decision of</li> </ul>
	-			<ul> <li>has no authority to determine the exact value/consideration. He is only offering his opinion about the value/ consideration and referring the document to the Collector/District Registrar for the correct determination of stamp duty.</li> <li>2. There exists so many instances in which the decision of the Collector/District Registrar regarding the value</li> </ul>
	-			<ul> <li>has no authority to determine the exact value/consideration. He is only offering his opinion about the value/ consideration and referring the document to the Collector/District Registrar for the correct determination of stamp duty.</li> <li>2. There exists so many instances in which the decision of the Collector/District Registrar regarding the value determination based on the stipulated rules, has also</li> </ul>
				<ul> <li>has no authority to determine the exact value/consideration. He is only offering his opinion about the value/ consideration and referring the document to the Collector/District Registrat for the correct determination of stamp duty.</li> <li>2. There exists so many instances in which the decision of the Collector/District Registrar regarding the value determination based on the stipulated rules, has also been "set aside" through several Court Orders with a</li> </ul>
				<ul> <li>has no authority to determine the exact value/consideration. He is only offering his opinion about the value/ consideration and referring the document to the Collector/District Registrar for the correct determination of stamp duty.</li> <li>2. There exists so many instances in which the decision of the Collector/District Registrar regarding the value determination based on the stipulated rules, has also been "set aside" through several Court Orders with a conclusion that the Collector/the District Registrar has also</li> </ul>
	- - -			<ul> <li>has no authority to determine the exact value/consideration. He is only offering his opinion about the value/ consideration and referring the document to the Collector/District Registrat for the correct determination of stamp duty.</li> <li>2. There exists so many instances in which the decision of the Collector/District Registrar regarding the value determination based on the stipulated rules, has also been "set aside" through several Court Orders with a</li> </ul>

mere opinion about the value, by the Registering authority also has no legal validity.

 The registering authority is only referring the document for correct determination of stamp duty. The Collector is functioning as a statutory authority and he has to act in a
 judicial manner and he must be satisfied that there are materials which would support the conclusion that there has been undervaluation.

4. It is to be noted that by a mere assumption the Sub Registrar reported the pre documents for undervaluation by estimating higher consideration. But prior to take any further action regarding the proper value determination, the Government of Kerala, as a policy decision introduced One time settlement Compounding scheme vide GO (P) 57/09/TD dated 27.03.2009 to clear off all the pending undervaluation cases referred to the District Registrar or called for by him under section 45 B (1) and (3) of the Kerala Stamp Act- 1959, by considering the extent of transaction, rather than the value reported by the Sub Registrar nor determined by the District Registrar.

5. Owing to this, the District Registrar had to do nothing in connection with these documents. As per the above <u>Government order</u>, the decision of the District Registrar regarding value determination is void. The aforesaid reported documents, which Accountant General has taken as vardstick to compare the subsequent documents, also deserve the benefit of the scheme.

6. Notices were issued to the parties under the above scheme to remit Rs. 8000/- (2000+3000+2000+1000) for the four documents.

7. The above policy decision of the Government related to the compounding scheme proves that, the assumption of Sub Registrar and remarks of the Accountant General are not legally sustainable.

8. Accountant General made remarks that the registering authority did not report the subsequent transactions to the District Registrar as undervaluation cases. Even if the subsequent documents under remark have been reported for undervaluation based on the earlier estimation of the Sub Registrar, the result will not be different since the compounding scheme is in effect and will continue up to 31.03.2014.

	<u> </u>		
V	a)	Does the Department agree with the Audit Conclusion	No
	·b)	If not please indicate the	1. It is humbly stated that the comparison of pr
		areas of disagreement	documents with the "Fair value" fixed by th
			Government is more relevant and legally acceptabl
			than comparing with the value reported by the Su
· `			Registrar for assessing revenue loss.
			2. The value determination of the reported cases based of
			the fair value (without taking into account of being hear
	1 - E		the parties) is given separately for your perusal.
	] .		
1. J.	i i		3. From this it is evident that the value assumed by the Su
			Registrar is not legal and correct. By comparing this fa
	. •		value of 2010, with that of the consideration shown in the
			subsequent documents there occurred no revenue loss (
	•		Rs.
	1 .		2.36/- lakh as pointed out by the audit, because of the
5			mentioned documents were registered in 2009 i.e. befor
. •	- 1		1 year to the introduction of Fair Value. Since the day is
			day increase of land value is unpredictable now a days.
			nominal decrease of consideration/Are in the subsequent
			documents in 2009 while comparing with the value of
	4 .		2010 is quite natural and reasonable. It is to be noted the
			the parties set forth a higher amount in the document
	l		887/2008 and its subsequent document 892/2009 than the
VI		Demodial Anti-	fair value, before two years itself.
VI.	ŀ	Remedial Action taken	I. The Accountant General made comments that, though th
			details of undervaluation of the properties and the value
		1	estimated and reported to the District Registrar wer
· ·			· available in the GV Register or me said office, in
			Registering Officer did not refer the register and report
			the subsequent transactions to the District Registrar.
· .			
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	÷ ' '		2. This office also accepted the views rendered by you
;			office in good spirit. But there is no rule prevailing in the
			Kerala Stamp (Prevention of Undervaluation of
		the second second	Instruments) Rules, 1968 or any other Registration Rule
•			that empower the registering officer to initiat
1			undervaluation proceedings against a subsequer
			document if its pre document has already been reported t
1	•		UV for an anticipated value.
		The second second second	
			3. In order to overcome such difficulties this department has
· •			already taken effective steps with the co-ordination of
	1 1	• • • • •	Devenue deserves for the target in the start of the
		and the second	Revenue department for implementing hair Value in the
			Revenue department for implementing Fair Value in the State. As a result Fair value of land was fixed by the

Kerala Stamp (Fixation of Fair value of Land) Rules-1995 and was implemented in the state on 06.03.2010 through extra ordinary Gazette Notification numbered 515 (1) to (21). From 01.04.2010 onwards documents are being registered in the State in accordance with the Fair value.

4. Since Fair value is now prevalent in the state and the documents have been registered based on the Fair Value, further instructions regarding this issue is not essential for the time being to make the existing system more effective.

5. Even though this office issued a general circular numbered **RR.3-16535/2012** dated 13.09.12 to Registering Officers related to the precautionary measures to be taken while accepting/registering the documents by checking the title/authority/right to transfer etc before registration.

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6. Furthermore provisions were already included in the Schedule to Stamp Act 1959- Article 21 and 22, through <u>Finance Bill-2013</u> to restrict subsequent conveyance transactions in respect of the whole or portion of the property involved in the previous conveyance when executed within a period of six months from the date of registration of previous documents, by imposing higher Stamp Duty at the rate of two times for 3 months and one and half times for 6 months higher than previous transaction.

It is also informed that remarks of the Government with respect to this draft para was furnished as per Letter No. 5261/E3/2012/T.D. dated 18/09/2012.

Considering the above facts, the para may kindly be dropped from the Report of Comptroller and Auditor General for the year ended 31-03-2012.

A. Shi, Ji Additional Sectotary to Govt. Ta>as Department Govt. Secretariat Thiruvanatthapurane

#### STATEMENT OF REMEDIAL MEASURES TAKEN ON THE REPORT OF THE COMPTROLLER AND AUDITOR GENERAL OF INDIA FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31.03.2012 (RR) Para 4.1 to 4.4

ſ	1	a)	Name of the Department	REGISTRATION
-		b)	Subject/Title of the Review/ Paragraph	Tax Administration
		c)	Paragraph Number	Para. 4.1
		d)	Report No /Year	Report of The Comptroller And Auditor General of India for the Year Ended 31.03.2012 (RR)
ŀ	II -	a)	Date of receipt of the Draft Para	Not treated as Draft Para
			1	(Common Introductory Para of The Report)
ſ		b)	Date of Department Reply	NA
	111		(iist of Paragraph	<b>Para 4.1:</b> The Registration Department is under the control of the Secretary to the Government. Taxes at the Government level and the Inspector General of
				Registration is the head of the Department. Instruments affecting immovable property are to be presented for registration in the office of Sub-Registrar within whose
		* .		jurisdiction the whole or some portion of the property is situated. The Registration department administers the Acts and Rules relating to stamp Duty and Registration
				Fees. Non -testamentary instruments which purport or operate to create ,declare, assign. limit or
	 			extinguish, whether in present or in future any right title or interest, whether vested or contingent of the value of one hundred rupees and upwards to or in immovable property and other instruments mentioned under Section 17 of the Registration Act 1908 to be
				registered compulsorily and the registration of documents mentioned under Section 18 is optional.
	IV	a)	Does the Department agree the fact and figures included in the paragraph	Yes
		b)	If not please indicate the areas of disagreement	NA
	. V	a)	Does the Department agree with the Audit Conclusion	Yes
		- b)	If not please indicate the areas of disagreement	NA

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٧Ī Remedial Action taken NA 1 Name of the Department a) REGISTRATION b) : Subject/Title of the Trend of receipts Review/Paragraph c} Paragraph Number Para, 4.2 d) Report No /Year Report of The Comptroller And Auditor General of India for the Year Ended 31.03.2012 (RR) П Date of receipt of the Draft a) Not treated as Draft Para Note (Common Introductory Para of The Report) ЪĪ Date of Department Reply NA III Gist of Paragraph It is appreciable to note that there is as increasing trend in the revenue collection during past two years. IV Does the Department agree ä١ Yes the fact and figures. included in the paragraph It not please indicate the b) NA areas of disagreement v , a) Does the Department agree Yes with the Audit Conclusion b) It not please indicate the NA areas of disagreement VI Remedial Action taken NA Ĩ Name of the Department a) REGISTRATION b) Subject/Title of the Cost of collection Review/ Paragraph Paragraph Number c) Para. 4.3 d) Report No /Year Report of The Comptroller And Auditor General of India for the Year Ended 31.03.2012 (RR) Ú Date of receipt of the Draft a) Not treated as Draft Para Para (Common Introductory Para of The Report)

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$\mathbb{C}$		b)	Date of Department Reply	NA NA
ł	III		Gist of Paragraph	The gross collection of revenue receipts under the head
			Chist of Tutugruph	Stamps and Registration Fee, expenditure incurred on
	ļ.			collection during 2007-08 to 2011-12 along with the All
1	·			India average percentage of expenditure on collection to
				gross collection for relevant years are mentioned in
				chari.
			· · · · ·	It was noticed that the expenditure on collection was
1	.	i	· .	throughout higher than the All India
				Average. However, the revenue collection registered an
				increase of 17.35 per cent in 2011-12 over the previous
•				year, whereas the expenditure on collection of revenue
1				was higher with 42.63 per cent for the said period.
ļ	XX /		Does the Department agree	NO
	IV.	a) –		NO
		•	the fact and figures	
			included in the paragraph	
	ļ			On examination of the C & AG's report it is understood
		b)	It not please indicate the	On examination of the C & AO's report it is understood
			areas of disagreement	that the whole expenditure under the major head -
		· · ·	1	Stamps and Registration Fees is taken by the
. •	· ,			Accountant General for consideration to compare with
				the all India average. It is informed that "2030-03-
	1	-		Registration" only relates to the Registration
- 4				Department. 2030-Stamps and Registration consists of
•	ļ		-	three major sub heads operated by various controlling
		L		Officers. The major sub head 2030-01-Stamps -Judician
	1			is operated and controlled by the Director of Treasuries.
· ·		1		the major sub head 2030-02-Stamps- Non Judicial is
		1		operated and controlled by Land Revenue
		1	1	Commissioner and the major sub head 2030-03-
		ŀ		Registration is operated by Inspector General of
		-		Registration.
	V ·	a)	Does the Department agree	Yes
		Į.,	with the Audit Conclusion	
		5)	If not please indicate the	NA
		1 ·	areas of disagreement	
		- <b>1</b>		the second s
	VI	1.	Remedial Action taken	Expenditure under plan scheme for modernization
		1.	-	construction of buildings etc were also reckoned
	1.			Revenue collection is depend on prevailing rates of SI
		[.		and RF imposed by the Government in line with th
		-		policy decision and other fees fixed by the Governmer
		1	1	time to time. Now fees in respect of various items hav
		1	1	time to time. There is the port of
	4			been rationalized. Modernization programs of th
	· .			been rationalized. Modernization programs of the Registration Department such as computerization
				been rationalized. Modernization programs of the Registration Department such as computerization digitization of records, online services including
				been rationalized. Modernization programs of the Registration Department such as computerization digitization of records, online services including
	4			been rationalized. Modernization programs of the Registration Department such as computerization digitization of records, online services including payment of Fees and E-stamping are in progress.
•				been rationalized. Modernization programs of the Registration Department such as computerization digitization of records, online services including payment of Fees and E-stamping are in progress.
				been rationalized. Modernization programs of the Registration Department such as computerization digitization of records, online services including

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I	a)	Name of the Department	REGISTRATION
•	<b>b)</b> .	Subject/Title of the Review/ Paragraph	Impact of audit
	c)	Paragraph Number	Para. 4.4
	d)	Report No /Year	Report of The Comptroller And Auditor General of India for the Year Ended 31.03.2012 (RR)
n	a)	Date of receipt of the Draft Para	Not treated as Draft Para (Common Introductory Para of The Report)
	b)	Date of Department Reply	NA
m		Gist of Paragraph	During the last four years undervaluation of documents, short levy of stamp duty etc. with revenue implication of 64.89 crore were pointed out in 973 paragraphs. Of these, the Department/Government accepted audit observations involving 6.40 crore and recovered 0.13 crore.
			The Department has recovered only 2.03 per cent of the total amount during the four years.
IV	a)	Does the Department agree the fact and figures included in the paragraph	No
	b)	If not please indicate the areas of disagreement	There occurred glaring undervaluation in documents, pointed out by the Accountant General through the local audit reports, the Department usually admit and accept the audit objections and take prompt measures to realize the deficit amount from the concerned parties with respect to provisions stipulated under the section 45 B (3) of the Kerala Stamp Act is initiating suo-motu action by the District Collector/District Registrar. Section 45 B (3) is the only provision in front of the Registrar, that has to be adopted to recover the deficit amount from the parties. Since it is a time consuming process, there occurs delay to collect the deficit amount on time in many accepted cases, that has been pointed out by the Accountant General. RR action in many cases also take long duration to complete the entire procedure. Hence there occurs delay, to collect the deficit amount on time in many accepted cases which has been pointed out by the Accountant General.

				-# AG usually made remarks (most of the remarks) related to undervaluation of a pre document by comparing its consideration with respect to its higher valued subsequent documents/higher valued subsequent Gehans, undervaluation of lower
				valued document in a particular re survey number with higher valued document pertaining in the same re survey number etc and accounted, unrealistic short levy based on the higher
				consideration documents.
	V	a)	Does the Department agree	No
			with the Audit Conclusion	
		b)	If not please indicate the	I Once UV action has been initiated by DR, he has to
			areas of disagreement	consider all aspects apart from the contention of
•				AG. He has to act in a quasi judicial manner to
•				derive a conclusion related to the consideration
		· ·		before arriving a final decision with respect to the determination of short levy in accordance with the
			· ·	prevention of undervaluation rules and also by
			•	considering the representation of party. He has
				limitations to stick only on the contention of AG in this aspect. Therefore there occurs a difference
				in amount determined by DR related to short
			· ·	levy in accepted cases. Hence the pointed out
				figure by AG does not correlates with the
				actually determined figure.
				H Government of Kerala introduced one time
	i •			settlement compounding scheme from time to time vide Government Orders to settle all pending
				undervaluation cases. It is to be noted that, as a
	÷		-	policy decision of the Government, the liability to
	ľ		•	pay SD shall stand completely discharged by an
	1		•	additional payment on SD as specified in separate slabs with a minimum value, by considering the
	1		. •	extent of transaction, rather than the value
				determined by the District Registrar.
			the second second second	
				- Therefore the value determined by the District
				Registrar, based on the amount/figure pointed out
				by the Accountant General related to the deficit
				SD and RF has no importance. Further the scheme has also been operated without realizing any
				additional Registration Fee.
			•	
				- The documents mentioned in the pointed
÷ .				out/accepted cases will come under the purview of the scheme and also deserves the benefit of the
			· ·	scheme as per the above Government order. Thus
	1 .	1 1		the decision of the District Registrar regarding the

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		determination of value (based on the remarks of the Accountant General and the short levy pointed out by the Accountant General) will become in- fructuous, if the party approaches the District Registrar to remit the deficit amount within the time limit of compounding scheme. This is another reason for the difference in the amount recovered (low per cent) by the department while comparing with the amount/figure pointed out by the Accountant General.
		-I So percent calculation of Accountant General related to the amount recovered is, in turn does not correlates with the pointed out figure. The above reason may also be considered.
VI	Remedial Action taken	RR proceedings were initiated by this
		department based on the instructions of the Government vide the letter numbered 8198/E.2/2014/TD dated 24.04.2014 and 25.04.2014. Further, instructions were given to all subordinate efficers in this department vide letter number. FIN.3-24022/2013 dated
		letter number FIN.3-24022/2013 dated 13.05.2014 and ARA.1-14452/2011 dated 24.05.2014 to initiate RR Proceedings.

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GEETHA. L Additional Secretary Taxes Department Govt Secretariat Thiruvananthapuram

### STATEMENT OF REMEDIAL MEASURES TAKEN ON THE REPORT OF THE COMPTROLLER AND AUDITOR GENERAL OF INDIA FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31.03.2012 (RR) Para 4.6, 4.7, 4.8.1

1	a)	Name of the Department	REGISTRATION
	- b,	Subject/Title of the	Para 4.6 - Results of Audia
		Review/ Paragraph	
			Vi.
	¢)	Paragraph Number	Para. 4.6
	d)	Report No /Year	Report of The Comptroller And Auditor General of India for the Year Ended 31.03.2012 (RR)
11	: a)'	Date of receipt of the Draft Note	Recommendation through C&AG Report-2012
	b)	Date of Department Reply	NÁ
111		Gist of Paragraph	in 2011-12 the records of 160 units relating to the Registration Department were rest charged in underassessment of tax and other are guarder
			involving 0.31 errore were detected in160 ensest. The department accepted undervaluation and other deficiencies of \$2.35 errore in 90 cases, of watch 1 cases involving 0.16 errore were pointed out in and
			during the year 2011-12 and the rest in earlier years. A amount of $₹0.07$ crore was realized in 76 cases during the year of which four cases involving $₹2.57$ error pertained to 2011-2012.
IV	a)	Does the Department agree the fact and figures included in the paragraph	Partially
	b)	It not please indicate the	The low per cent in recovery amount recover.
	1 0/	areas of disagreement	buderenhation cases during the report period is actual
			due to the reason that, most of the undervaluation cas mentioned in the LARs have been settled through :
		*.	One Time Settlement Compounding Scherae during
	1.	·	Therefore the realized figure does not coincide wi
			the detected figure during this period.
			Section 45 B (3) of the Kerula Stump Act . 95. 3 1
			only provision in front of the Registrar, that has to
	1		adopted to recover the deficit amount from the partie
			Since it is a time consuming process, there occurs dei
		r	to collect the deficit amount on time in many accept
1			cases, that has been pointed out by the Account:
i	í	. 1	General.
1		· .	Once GV action has been initiated by Bit to has consider all aspects apart from the contractor of A
l i	· ]		He has limitations to stick only on the condension
			AG in this aspect. Therefore there secars
			difference in smount determined by DR related
1	•		short levy in accepted cases. Hence the printed of

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-			figure by AG does not correlates with the actual determined figure.
V	a	) Does the Department agr with the Audit Conclusion	ee No n
	b	) It not please indicate the areas of disagreement	Short levy pointed out by the Accountant General related to the non-compliance of Act and Rules were normally realized from the concerned Registering Officers Based on the final
			Officers. Based on the final order from AG the same amount may be fixed as the liability or removed from liability and information will be given to the concerned employee. If the recovery could not effect in service period, this amount will be included in the
			provisional/final liability certificate and deducted in the the DCRG. In case of higher amounts, recovery is only possible from their DCRG amounts at the time of retirement of the officers. The above procedure with also takes time to recime the
			also takes time to realize the amount pointed out by the Accountant General in accepted cases. This is another reason for the decrease in per cent related to the recovery of deficit amount.
VI T		Remedial Action taken	Now RR proceedings were initiated by this department based on the instruction
			Government vide the letter numbered 8198/E.2/2014/TD dated 24.04.2014 and 25.04.2014. Further, instructions were given to
			all subordinate officers in this department vide letter number FIN.3-24022/2013 duted 13.05.2014 and ARA.1-14452/2011 dated 24.05.2014 to initiate RR Proceedings.
	a)	Name of the Department	REGISTRATION
	b)	Subject/Title of the Review/ Paragraph	4.7 - Other audit observations
_	c)	Paragraph Number	Para. 4.7
-+-	d)	Report No /Year	Report of The Comptroller And Auditor General of India for the Year Ended 31.03.2012 (RR)
	a)	Date of receipt of the Draft Para	Recommendation through C&AG Report- 2012
	b)	Date of Department Reply	NA
		Gist of Paragraph	The records of various registration offices scrutinized and several cases of non-compliance of the provisions of the Indian Stamp Act 1800 and the provisions
			1959 and other cases as mentioned in the succeeding paragraphs in this chapter were noticed. These cases are illustrative and are based on a test check carried out in audit. Such omissions on the set succeeding out in

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			(SR's) are pointed out in each year. Not only do the irregularities persist ,but also remain undetected till another audit is conducted. There is Need for the Government to improve the
			internal control system including strengthening of the internal audit.
IV I	a)	Does the Department agree	Yes
	·	the fact and figures	
		included in the paragraph	
	· b)	It not please indicate the	NA
		areas of disagreement	
v	a)	Does the Department agree	Partially
.		with the Audit Conclusion	•
	b)	It not please indicate the	High volumes of work and inadequate staff strength are
		areas of disagreement	the main reasons for audit arrears. Since all the
		· ·	documents were registered based on fair value from 2010 onwards, there exists a need to check each and
			every documents during audit, with respect to the
		· .	misclassification of fair value, non adoption of fair
· .			value, in-correct adoption of fair value etc by the audit
			team. This is a time consuming audit process carried out
		4	by utilizing inadequate staff strength. Under these circumstances 5 week days seems not to be sufficient to
-			carry out entire audit in a particular unit. Hence it is not
	· ·		possible on the part of District Registrar (Audit) who
			has been entrusted to audit in Sub Registrar offices to
			cover all offices in the stipulated time schedule for a
		· · ·	particular year. Even though the above are facts the department has taken sincere efforts to clear maximum
÷ .			arrears and to clear off audit observations.
VI		Remedial Action taken	At present the District Registrars are following the
			instructions contained in the Internal Audit Manual
	]		of Finance Department and the Kerala Registration Manual Orders 702-764 for conducting
			Inspection/Audit. Duties of Registrar and Camp Clerks,
			inspection/audit procedures regarding Registers,
			Indexes, Account books etc were well demarcated in the Kerala Registration Manual order.
	1	ļ.	In order to strengthen the internal audit, utmost care bas been taken by deploying experienced and senior hands
•			in DR (Audit) Offices during transfer and posting.
			Further an Audit Monitoring Committee has also been
			constituted in this department under the head of Finance
	1		Officer to monitor the audit/audit report of DRs and DIGRs. Steps have also been taken to verify all internal
		·	audit reports under the head of Finance Officer.
	1		

		Name of the Department	REGISTRATION
	b)	Subject/Title of the	
	-,	Review/ Paragraph	4.8 - Non-compliance of provisions of Act/Rules
	C)	Paragraph Number	Benedo
			Para. 4.8.1
	d)	Report No /Year	Splitting up of land to evade SD and RF
	ч,	Report No / Year	Report of The Comptroller And Auditor General of India for the Year Ended 21 02 2010
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	India for the Year Ended 31.03.2012 (RR)
	a)	Date of receipt of the Draft Note	02.03.2012
			(DRAFT NOTE)
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	DO.No. SRA (HQ) V/22-1283/2011-2012
	b) -	Date of Department Reply	31.03.2012
III	•	Gist of Paragraph	Para 4.8.1: SRO AMBALAPUZHA:
	[		
			It was noticed (November 2011) from the "Register of
		· .	
		· .	
	1		same day by which 40.47 Ares and 231.63 Ares were sold for $\xi_1$ crore and 1 and 1 and 231.63
		•	
	.		
		100 Aug. 44	
			undervaluation to the Desider
			under Section 45 B (2) of the Act. This resulted in
			undervaluation of the second document to the tune of $\overline{\xi}$ .4.72 erore and consequent short levy of SD and R1 <sup>-</sup> of $\overline{\xi}$ .56.68 lake
			of ₹.56.68 lakh.
	·		The matter was pointed
			The matter was pointed out to the Department
			(November 2011) and reported to Government (February), their reply has not been received (December 2012)
IV a)	$-\frac{1}{r}$	Does the Donner	
	41	locs the Department agree	No
		ne fact and figures	
· .	u	cluded in the paragraph	
<b>b</b> )	I	not please indicate the	1 Detuiled
	a	reas of disagreement	1. Detailed examination of the two documents
	1	0	
	1	· · · · · ·	capacity of Managing Director of the representative
			companies registered under the tail
	1		
		·	Pvt Ltd? with the registration number miner
			Pyt Ltd? with the registration number 70100 KL2008 PTCO 23435 and the 2 <sup>ml</sup> property mentioned in the document numbered -11/2009

÷.,	·		
		<u></u>	the registration number U70100 KL 2008 PTCU 23440 under Companies Act and the said properties are still possessed by the same companies till date.
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2. So it is obvious that the representative is one but the purchaser in fact is different companies. So it is difficult to assume and admit that the splitting up of properties into two was done
8			deliberately by the parties to evade stamp duty. So this office is also not in a position to stick on the assumption that there exist an inherent intension between the parties to evade stamp duty by splitting up of properties one with road access and other without road access.
•			3. It is clear from the recitals that the consideration is paid from the account of the company and the properties were conveyed in favour of different companies.
			4. There is no provision in the Kerala Stamp Act or the law made there under to determine the value of the property based on the value of the other adjacent properties even if they were in the same survey numbers. Comparison based on the transaction value of a piece of land with that of adjacent land is not legal and correct in the absence of Fair value. A Sub Registrar is not empowered to interfere in a property transaction and to increase or decrease the actual transaction
			<ul> <li>value of a property.</li> <li>5. Since the Fair value was not prevalent in the state, undervaluation cases were increasing enormously. So the department was forced to introduce Guideline value / alternate arrangement</li> </ul>
1			for preventing the loss of revenue through undervaluation. Instructions were issued to subordinate officers not to refer documents registered with higher value than the Guide line value, for undervaluation. It is seen that the value shown in the documents is higher than the Guide line value.
			6. The Guide line value for residential plot with Corporation road access in Purakkad village-Ward VII is ₹.42,500/- per Are, for residential plot with private road access is ₹.22,500/- per Are and fo the plot without road access is ₹.15,000/- per Are Here in the document 410/2009 party set form ₹.2,47,100/- per Are and in 411/2009 party set

			7. In the first Document No.410/09 of Sub Registrar Office Ambalappuzha, the property covered therein has road access and in the property covered in the second Document No.411/09 has no such facility. So I may submit that it is quite natural that the valuation in the second document will not attract the higher consideration while comparing
			with the 1 <sup>st</sup> document. In the case of $2^{nd}$ document, the Registering Authority is not empowered to return or refuse the document as per the provisions of the Registration Act and rules framed there under, but has to report the District Registrar under section 45B of the Kerala Stamp Act after
			registration. Regarding the matter, the District Registrar in his report stated that the value shown in the document is higher than the guide time value. Guideline value fixed for the property in Purakkad Panchayath Ward 7 was Rs.6000/- per cent. As per the guideline value prescribed as above the toyal
			value comes to Rs.34,38,000/- only for 573 cents of property transacted in document No.411/09. But the consideration set forth in document was 1 crore. So it can be seen that the value set forth in the document No.411/09 is very higher than the guideline value (copy of guidelines who
·			mentioned above is enclosed). 8. The Document No.411/2009 was registered on 21.02.2009 and The Accountant General's Local Audit Report containing the remark has reached only on 20.12.2011 that is two years after
			registration of document. The time fimit for initiation of SUO MOTO action on document by District Registrar during 2011 was two years only. Hence District Registrar in his report stated that he was unable to initiate SUO MOTO action on document No 411/2009 owing to aftersain treasure.
ν γ	a)	Does the Department agree	may also submit that Government have further extended the time limit for Suo Moto action from two years to five years as per Order No.20478/Leg.A2/14/Law dated 01.01.2015.
<u> </u>		with the Audit Conclusion	
	b)	It not please indicate the areas of disagreement	1. Since the Fair value was not prevalent in the state, there is no other option in from of the registering officer, but to accept the document for registration. He is not liable to take into account of market value or to refuse the document based on this regard.
			2. It may kindly be noted that the Fair value fixed by the Government and came to force on 01.04.2010 (i.e. after 1 year of the audit remark) to

				the Survey number 259 of Purakkad village is or
ľ				1 1.90,000/- per Are for Residential plat with
ſ				Corp/Mun Panchayath road access This value
				icinarkably low when compared with the value of
			. •	10rth in the document numbered 410/2000 by white
				. Use addit learn taken as vardstick to compare the
				uccurrent 411/2009. Here the party set for
				<u>S.Z.47, IUU/- per Are and an extra amount</u>
		1		5.03.57.700/~ in the document 410/2000
_	·	L		(Fair value chart attached)
	VI		Remedial Action taken	1. The department has already taken effective step
				with the co-ordination of Revenue department is
				implementing Fair value in the state As a regul
		.  -		Fair value of land was fixed by the respective
				<b>RDO's subject to the rules stimulated in the</b>
		1	, ,	Kerala Stamp (Fixation of Fair value of Long
	i. i	l		Kules- 1995 and was implemented in the state of
			1	06.03.2010 through extra ordinary Gazet
			•	notification numbered 515 (1) to (21).
				2. From 01.04.2010 onwards documents are bein
				registered in the State in accordance with the For
				Value and such types of transaction/remarks has or
				been pointed out by the Accountant General for the
			-	past three years after the implementation of Pai
	[			Value.
	-			3. Furthermore provisions were already included in
	·			the Schedule to Stamp Act 1959 in Article 21 au
				22, through Finance Bill-2013 to restrict
	ļ		n an	subsequent conveyance transactions in inspect of
		· · .		Ine whole or portion of the property involved in the
			,	previous conveyance within a period of these
				months from the date of registration of previous
		1	, · · ·	documents, by imposing higher SD of two times
			•	higher than previous transaction and one and half
		ľ		times higher SD for subsequent transaction with in
		1		a period of six months from the date of registration of previous documents.
•			•	or previous documents.
	[	Ì	·	Considering the above facts, the part day
	1			kindly be dropped from the Report of Comptration
				and Auditor General for the year ended 31-03-2012.

S. Jeal M

S. MALATHY Additional Sourceary Taxos Department . Government Secretariat, Typm

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